5. The cross-section of simply supported beam of span 4m is shown in Figure 3. The allowable bending stress in tension is 20MPa. Determine allowable bending stress in compression and the intensity of uniformly distributed load that can be placed over the entire span. 80mm 20mm 20mm 40mm 160mm Figure: 3 A rectangular block of material is subjected to normal and shearing stresses on the planes shown in Figure 4. Find analytically i) the direction and magnitude of each of the principal stress ii) magnitude of the greatest shear stress. $\sigma_{r} = 40 MPa$ =30MPa $\tau_{sp} = 30MPa$ = 40*MPa* Figure: 4 Solve the above problem shown in Figure 4 by using Mohr's circle method. b) Determine the diameter of a bolt which is subjected to an axial pull of 9 kN together with 7. a transverse shear force of 4.5kN using: a) Maximum Principal stress theory, and b) Maximum Principal strain theory. Given the elastic limit in tension = 225 N/mm², factor of safety = 3 and poisson's ratio = 0.3. A cantilever of 4m span length carries a load 40 kN at its free end. If the deflection at the free end is not to exceed 8mm, what must be the moment of inertia of the Cantilever A simply supported 6m rolled steel joist carries a U.D.L of 10 kN//m length. Determine b) slope and deflection at a distance of 3m from one end of the beam. [8+7]