AG AG AG AG AG AG AG A

| Code | No: 155CQ | TEMPU TEC | INOLOGIC | AT TIMIT | VEDCITY HVDED | RAD | |
|-------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|----------|
| AG | | III Year I Sen OPER (Mec | | nations, SEARCI neering) uestions | Max. | Marks: 75 | _ |
| | | im ques | | 1 | | 1. 1 | |
| (1.a) b) | Define Operations Solve the followin Maximize Subject to | Research and glinear-program $Z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$ $3x_1 + 5x_2$ $5x_1 + 2x_2$ and $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ | amming probl ≤ 15 ≤ 10 | naracteris lem by gr | tics: aphical method | (7+8) | _ |
| <u></u> | | $ \begin{array}{c} $ | following LPP | ·. | G AC | (15) | _ |
| 3. | transportation cost | (Rs. per quir wing table. Dethod. | tal) for shipp etermine the | ing steel optimal b | s and five rolling from furnaces to roll asic feasible solution | ing mills/is by Vogel's [15] | _ |
| | F1 | M1 M2 4 2 | M3 M4 3 2 | M5 6 | Capacity (in quintals) 8 | | |
| | F2 | 5 4 | 5 2 | 1 | 12 | | |
| AG | F3 Requirement (in quintals) | 6 5 4 4 | \(\frac{4}{6}\)\(\frac{7}{8}\) | 3/\ | | AG | <u> </u> |
| 4. | Solve the followin | g travelling sa | lesman proble | em so as | to minimize the cost p | | |
| AG | AG Z | A B C | A B 3 - 6 5 | 5 - | D E 3 3 6 4 | | _ |
| | | D E | 3 3 | 6 4 | - 6 6 - | | A |
| AG | AG / | \G | AG | \triangle | G AC | i AG | / |

There are seven jobs, each of which has to go through the machines A ... 5. order AB. Processing times in hours are given below:

| Jøb \ | 1 | /2 | 3 | 4 | 7 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-----------|---|----|----|---|------------|----|---|
| Machine A | 3 | 12 | 15 | 6 | 10 | 11 | 9 |
| Machine B | 8 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 12 | 1 | 3 |

Determine a sequence of these jobs that will minimize the total elapsed time T. Alto find idle time for machines A and B. [15]

The following morality rates have been observed for a certain type of light bulbs i. a installation with 1,000 bulbs:

| End of the week | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | and B in the |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------------|
| Probability of failure | 0.09 | 0.25 | 0.49 | 0.85 | 0.97 | 1.00 | - A |

There are a large number of such bulbs which are to be kept in working order. If a bullfails in service, it costs Rs.3 to replace but if all the bulbs are replaced in the same operation, it can be done for only Rs.0.70 a bulb. It is proposed to replace all bulbs at fixed intervals, whether or not they have burnt out, and a continue replacing burnt out bulbs as they fail. (a) What is the best interval between group replacements? (b) At what group replacement price per bulb, would a policy of strictly individual replacement become preferable to the adopted policy?

Explain the following:

/i) Two-person zero-sum game

ii) Pure strategy

iii) Saddle point

Use graphical method to solve the following game and find the value of the game. [7+8]

| | Player B | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|----|-----|----------------|--|--|--|
| A Player A | /B1 / | B2 | B3/ | B4 | | | |
| A1 | 2\ | 2 | 3/- | - \ | | | |
| A2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 6 | | | |

A drive-in bank window has a mean service time of 2 minutes, while the customer's 8. arrive at a rate of 20 per hour. Assuming that these represent rates with a Poisson distribution, determine

a) The proportion the teller will be idle,

b) How long a customer will wait before reaching the server?

c) What fraction of customers will have to wait in line?

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