

ACE Engineering College

(An Autonomous Institution)

Question Paper Code:

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MA401BS

ACE-R20

Semester End Examination

II B. Tech- II Semester- AUGUST -2022

LAPLACE TRANSFORMS, NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPLEX VARIABLES ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

ime: 3 Ho								ax. Marks: 70				
	H. T. No							·				

Answer any 5 Questions out of 8 Questions from the following Q.No **Ouestion** Marks Solve the following differential equations using Laplace transforms 1. a) $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 4\frac{dy}{dt} + 3y = e^{-t}, \text{ where } y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1$ Find $L^{-1} \left[\log \left(\frac{s+2}{s+3} \right) \right]$ was at Figure 1 and 2 and 3 and 7 2. a) Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s+3}{(s^2+6s+10)^2} \right]$ 7 b) Find $Le^{-2t}[2\cos 3t - 3\sin 4t]$ 7 Find a real root of the equation xex=cosx using the regula falsi method and 3. a) 7 correct to four decimal places. The population of certain town is shown in the following table 7 Year 1951 1961 1971 1981 1991 population | 19.96 | 39.65 | 58.81 | 77.21 | 94.61 Estimate the rate of growth the population in the year1981. 4. a) State appropriate interpolation formula which is be used to calculate the value of exp(1.75) from the following data. 1.8 1.7 1.9 2.0 $y=e^{x}$ | 5.474 | 6.050 | 6.686 | 7.389

4 . b	Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ using Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule.				
5. a)	Find y (0.1) and y (0.2) using Runge-Kutta 4 th order formula given that $\frac{dy}{dx}$ =x ² -y and y(0)=1.				
b)	Using modified Euler method find y(0.2) and y(0.4) given $\frac{dy}{dx} = y + e^x$, y(0)=0	7			
6. a)	Find the value of the integral $\oint_c \frac{e^{-z}}{(z+1)^2} dz$ where c is $ z = \frac{1}{2}$.	7			
b)	$2 \sin x \sin y$	7			
	Find the Analytic function whose imaginary part is $\cos 2x + \cosh 2y$				
7. a)	Show that the function is $f(z) = \sqrt{ xy }$ not analytic at the origin even through C-R equations is satisfied.	7			
b)	Evaluate $\oint_{c} \frac{z}{(z-1)(z-2)} dz$ where 'c' is circle $ z-2 = \frac{1}{2}$ by Cauchy integral formula. Expand $f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 6z - 1}{(z-1)(z-3)(z+2)}$ in the region $3 < z+2 < 5$	7			
8. a)	Expand $f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 6z - 1}{(z - 1)(z - 3)(z + 2)}$ in the region $3 < z + 2 < 5$	7			
b)	Evaluate $\oint_{c} \frac{2z+1}{(z+1)(z-1)(z+2)} dz$ where 'c' is circle $ z = \frac{3}{2}$ by Cauchy residue theorem.	7			

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