

ACE

Engineering College

An Autonomous Institution

All the courses are Accredited by NBA and NAAC with A Grade, Affiliated to JNTUH

Ankushapur, Ghatkesar, Medchal, Hyderabad-501301

B.TECH. FOUR YEAR DEGREE COURSE

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

R-22 COURSE STRUCTURE (1st Years)

I Year I Semester

| S.No. | Course Title | Periods PerWeek | | Credits | |
|---------------|--|--------------------|---|---------|----|
| | | L | T | P | |
| 1. | Matrices and Calculus | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 2. | Engineering Chemistry | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 3. | Programming for Problem Solving | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4. | Basic Electrical Engineering | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 5. | Computer Aided Engineering Graphics | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
| 6. | Engineering Chemistry Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| 7. | Programming for Problem Solving Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| 8. | Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Total Credits | | 12 | 2 | 12 | 20 |

MATRICES AND CALCULUS

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 1 0 4

Pre-requisites: Mathematical Knowledge at pre-university level

Course Objectives: To learn

- Types of matrices and their properties.
- Concept of a rank of the matrix and applying this concept to know the consistency and solvingthe system of linear equations.
- Concept of eigenvalues and eigenvectors and to reduce the quadratic form to canonical

form

- Geometrical approach to the mean value theorems and their application to the mathematical problems
- Evaluation of surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves.
- Evaluation of improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.
- Partial differentiation, concept of total derivative
- Finding maxima and minima of function of two and three variables.
- Evaluation of multiple integrals and their applications

Course outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Write the matrix representation of a set of linear equations and to analyse the solution of thesystem of equations
- Find the Eigenvalues and Eigen vectors
- Reduce the quadratic form to canonical form using orthogonal transformations.
- Solve the applications on the mean value theorems.
- Evaluate the improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions
- Find the extreme values of functions of two variables with/ without constraints.
- Evaluate the multiple integrals and apply the concept to find areas, volumes

UNIT - I: Matrices 10 L

Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and Normal form, Inverse of Non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordanmethod, System of linear equations: Solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations by Gauss elimination method, Gauss Seidel Iteration Method.

UNIT - II: Eigen values and Eigen vectors

10 L

Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors and their properties, Diagonalization of a matrix, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms, Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical forms by Orthogonal Transformation.

UNIT - III: Calculus 10 L

Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem with their Geometrical Interpretation and applications, Cauchy's Mean value Theorem, Taylor's Series.

Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves (Only in Cartesian coordinates), Definition of Improper Integral: Beta and Gamma functions and their applications.

UNIT - IV: Multivariable Calculus (Partial Differentiation and applications) 10 L Definitions of Limit and continuity.

Partial Differentiation: Euler's Theorem, Total derivative, Jacobian, Functional dependence & independence. Applications: Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and three variables using method of Lagrange multipliers.

UNIT-V: Multivariable Calculus (Integration)

10 L

Evaluation of Double Integrals (Cartesian and polar coordinates), change of order of integration

(only Cartesian form), Evaluation of Triple Integrals: Change of variables (Cartesian to polar) for

double and (Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates) for triple integrals.

Applications: Areas (by double integrals) and volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals).

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.
- 2. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications,5th Editon, 2016.

- 1. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- 3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
- 4. H. K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S Chand and CompanyLimited, New Delhi.

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C
3 1 0 4

Course Objectives:

- 1. To bring adaptability to new developments in Engineering Chemistry and to acquire the skills required to become a perfect engineer.
- 2. To know the importance of water and its treatment in domestic and industrial usage.
- 3. To acquire fundamental aspects of battery chemistry, significance of corrosion its control to protect the structures.
- 4. To gain knowledge in the preparation and engineering applications of materials like polymers, cement, smart materials, Lubricants etc.,
- 5. To acquire required knowledge the basic concepts of petroleum and its products.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. They can predict potential applications of chemistry and practical utility in order to become good engineers and entrepreneurs.
- 2. The students are able to understand the basic importance of water and its usage in domestic and industrial purposes.
- 3. Students will acquire the basic knowledge of battery technology and electrochemical procedures related to corrosion and its control.
- 4. They can learn the fundamentals and general properties of polymers and other engineering materials.
- 5. Students will be able to understand the mechanism of combustion for solving problems related to combustion.

UNIT - I: Water and its treatment: [10]

Introduction to hardness of water – Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method and related numerical problems. Potable water and its specifications - Steps involved in the treatment of potable water - Disinfection of potable water by chlorination and break - point chlorination. Defluoridation - Determination of Fion by ion- selective electrode method.

Boiler troubles: Sludge, Scales and Caustic embrittlement. Internal treatment of Boiler feed water - Calgon conditioning - Phosphate conditioning - Colloidal conditioning, External treatment methods - Softening of water by ion- exchange processes. Desalination of water - Reverse osmosis.

UNIT - II Battery Chemistry & Corrosion [10]

Introduction - Classification of batteries- primary, secondary and reserve batteries with examples. Basic requirements for commercial batteries. Construction, working and applications of: Zn-air and Lithium ion battery, Applications of Li-ion battery to electrical vehicles. Fuel Cells- Differences between battery and a fuel cell, Construction and applications of Methanol Oxygen fuel cell and Solid oxide fuel cell. Solar cells - Introduction and applications of Solar cells.

Corrosion: Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion – mechanism of electrochemical corrosion, Types of corrosion: Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion, Corrosion control methods- Cathodic protection – Sacrificial anode and impressed current methods. Electroplating of Cu

UNIT - III: Polymeric materials: [10]

Definition – Classification of polymers with examples – Types of polymerization – addition (free radical addition) and condensation polymerization with examples – Nylon 6:6, Terylene

Plastics: Definition and characteristics- thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics, Preparation, Properties and engineering applications of PVC and Bakelite, Teflon, Fiber reinforced plastics (FRP).

Rubbers: Natural rubber, Processing and its vulcanization.

Elastomers: Characteristics – preparation – properties and applications of Buna-S, Butyl and Thiokol

rubber.

Conducting polymers: Characteristics and Classification with examples-mechanism of conduction in trans-polyacetylene and applications of conducting polymers. **Biodegradable polymers:** Concept and advantages - Polylactic acid and poly vinyl alcohol and their applications.

UNIT - IV: Energy Sources: [10]

Introduction, Calorific value of fuel – HCV, LCV- Dulongs formula and Numericals Classification- solid fuels: coal – analysis of coal – proximate and ultimate analysis and their significance. Liquid fuels – petroleum and its refining, cracking types – moving bed catalytic cracking. Knocking – octane and cetane rating, synthetic petrol - Fischer-Tropsch's process; Gaseous fuels – composition and uses of natural gas, LPG and CNG, Biodiesel – Transesterification, advantages. Combustion –Calculation of air quantities (Numericals).

UNIT - V: Engineering Materials: [8]

Cement: Portland cement, its composition, setting and hardening.

Smart materials and their engineering applications

Shape memory materials- Poly L- Lactic acid. Thermoresponse materials- Polyacryl amides, Poly vinyl amides

Lubricants: Classification of lubricants with examples-characteristics of a good lubricants - mechanism of lubrication (thick film, thin film and extreme pressure) - properties of lubricants: viscosity, cloud point, pour point, flash point and fire point.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Engineering Chemistry by P.C. Jain and M. Jain, Dhanpatrai Publishing Company, 2010
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by Rama Devi, Venkata Ramana Reddy and Rath, Cengage learning, 2016
- 3. A text book of Engineering Chemistry by M. Thirumala Chary, E. Laxminarayana and K. Shashikala, Pearson Publications, 2021.
- 4. Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by Jaya Shree Anireddy, Wiley Publications.

- 1. Engineering Chemistry by Shikha Agarwal, Cambridge University Press, Delhi (2015)
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla, Dhanpatrai and Company (P) Ltd. Delhi (2011)

PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Course Objectives:

- To learn the fundamentals of computers.
- To understand the various steps in program development.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of the C programming language.
- To learn the usage of structured programming approaches in solving problems.

Course Outcomes: The student will learn

- To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems.
- To convert the algorithms/flowcharts to C programs.
- To code and test a given logic in the C programming language.
- To decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code.
- To use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to write C programs.
- Searching and sorting problems.

UNIT - I: Introduction to Programming

Compilers, compiling and executing a program.

Representation of Algorithm - Algorithms for finding roots of a quadratic equations, finding minimum and maximum numbers of a given set, finding if a number is prime number Flowchart/Pseudocode withexamples, Program design and structured programming

Introduction to C Programming Language: variables (with data types and space requirements), Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code, Operators, expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation, Storage classes (auto, extern, static and register), type conversion, The main method and command line arguments Bitwise operations: Bitwise AND, OR, XOR and NOT operators

Conditional Branching and Loops: Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching with if, if-else, switch-case, ternary operator, goto, Iteration with for, while, dowhile loops

I/O: Simple input and output with scanf and printf, formatted I/O, Introduction to stdin, stdout and stderr.Command line arguments

UNIT - II: Arrays, Strings, Structures and Pointers:

Arrays: one and two dimensional arrays, creating, accessing and manipulating elements of arrays Strings: Introduction to strings, handling strings as array of characters, basic string functions available in C (strlen, strcat, strcpy, strstr etc.), arrays of strings

Structures: Defining structures, initializing structures, unions, Array of structures

Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Pointers to Arrays and Structures, Use of Pointers in self- referential structures, usage of self referential structures in linked list (no implementation) Enumerationdata type

UNIT - III: Preprocessor and File handling in C:

Preprocessor: Commonly used Preprocessor commands like include, define, undef, if, ifdef, ifndef Files: Text and Binary files, Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files, Appending data toexisting files, Writing and reading structures using binary files, Random access using fseek, ftell andrewind functions.

UNIT - IV: Function and Dynamic Memory Allocation:

Functions: Designing structured programs, Declaring a function, Signature of a function, Parameters and return type of a function, passing parameters to functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions, passing pointers to functions, idea of call by reference, Some C standard functions and libraries

Recursion: Simple programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series etc., Limitations of Recursive functions Dynamic memory allocation: Allocating and freeing memory, Allocating memory for arrays of different data types

UNIT - V: Searching and Sorting:

Basic searching in an array of elements (linear and binary search techniques), Basic algorithms to sortarray of elements (Bubble, Insertion and Selection sort algorithms), Basic concept of order of complexitythrough the example programs

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jeri R. Hanly and Elliot B.Koffman, Problem solving and Program Design in C 7th Edition, Pearson
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rdEdition)

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice Hall ofIndia
- 2. E. Balagurusamy, Computer fundamentals and C, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Yashavant Kanetkar, Let Us C, 18th Edition, BPB
- 4. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16th Impression)
- 5. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 6. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition
- 7. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill

BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C 2 0 0 2

Prerequisites: Mathematics

Course Objectives:

- To understand DC and Single & Three phase AC circuits
- To study and understand the different types of DC, AC machines and Transformers.
- To import the knowledge of various electrical installations and the concept of power, powerfactor and its improvement.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand and analyze basic Electrical circuits
- Study the working principles of Electrical Machines and Transformers
- Introduce components of Low Voltage Electrical Installations.

UNIT-I:

D.C. Circuits: Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, KVL&KCL, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems. Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.

UNIT-II:

A.C. Circuits: Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance in series R-L-C circuit. Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

UNIT-III:

Transformers: Ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency. Auto-transformer and three-phase transformer connections.

UNIT-IV:

Electrical Machines: Construction and working principle of dc machine, performance characteristics of dc shunt machine. Generation of rotating magnetic field, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristics. Single-phase induction motor, Construction and working. Construction and working of synchronous generator.

UNIT-V:

Electrical Installations: Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2019.
- 2. MS Naidu and S Kamakshaiah, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2008.

- 1. P. Ramana, M. Suryakalavathi, G.T. Chandrasheker, "Basic Electrical Engineering", S. Chand, 2nd Edition, 2019.
- 2. D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009
- 3. M. S. Sukhija, T. K. Nagsarkar, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Oxford, 1stEdition, 2012.
- 4. Abhijit Chakrabarthi, Sudipta Debnath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic Electrical Engineering", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.
- 5. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 6. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
- 7. V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989

COMPUTER AIDED ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C
1 0 4 3

CourseObjectives:

- To develop the ability of visualization of different objects through technical drawings.
- Toacquirecomputerdraftingskillforcommunicationofconcepts,ideasinthedesignofengin eeringproducts.
- Apply the knowledge of interpretation of projection in different quadrants.
- Create intricate details of components through sections and develop its surfaces.
- Convert the pictorial views into orthographic view and vice versa.

CourseOutcomes: Attheendofthecourse, the student will be able to:

- CO1: Applycomputer aideddrafting toolstocreate2Dand3Dobjects
- CO2: Sketchconicsand differenttypesofsolids
- CO2:AppreciatetheneedofSectionalviewsofsolidsandDevelopmentof surfacesofsolids
- CO4: Readandinterpretengineeringdrawings
- CO5:

Conversionoforthographic projection into isometric view and vicevers a manually and by using computer aided drafting

UNIT - I:

Introduction to Engineering Graphics: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Scales – Plain & Diagonal, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola – General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid, Introduction to Computer aided drafting – views, commands and conics

UNIT-II:

Orthographic Projections: Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions – Projections of Points and Lines, Projections of Plane regular geometric figures. Auxiliary Planes. Computer aided orthographic projections – points, lines and planes

UNIT - III:

Projections of Regular Solids – Auxiliary Views - Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views, Computer aided projections of solids – sectional views

UNIT - IV:

Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone, Developmentof surfaces using computer aided drafting

UNIT - V:

Isometric Projections: Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views – Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts. Conversion of Sometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa – Conventions. Conversion of orthographic projection into isometric view using computer aided drafting.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Engineering Drawing N.D. Bhatt / Charotar
- 2. Engineering Drawing and graphics Using AutoCAD Third Edition, T. Jeyapoovan, Vikas: S.Chand and company Ltd.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Engineering Drawing, Basant Agrawal and C M Agrawal, Third Edition McGraw Hill
- 2. Engineering Graphics and Design, WILEY, Edition 2020
- 3. Engineering Drawing, M. B. Shah, B.C. Rane / Pearson.
- 4. Engineering Drawing, N. S. Parthasarathy and Vela Murali, Oxford
- 5. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing K Balaveera Reddy et al CBS Publishers

Note: - External examination is conducted in conventional mode and internal evaluation to be done byboth conventional as well as using computer aided drafting.

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C 0 0 2 1

Course Objectives: The course consists of experiments related to the principles of chemistry requiredfor engineering student. The student will learn:

- Estimation of hardness of water to check its suitability for drinking purpose.
- Students are able to perform estimations of acids and bases using conductometry, potentiometry and pH metry methods.
- Students will learn to prepare polymers such as Bakelite and nylon-6 in the laboratory.
- Students will learn skills related to the lubricant properties such as saponification value, surfacetension and viscosity of oils.

Course Outcomes: The experiments will make the student gain skills on:

- Determination of parameters like hardness of water and rate of corrosion of mild steel in various conditions.
- Able to perform methods such as conductometry, potentiometry and pH metry in order to findout the concentrations or equivalence points of acids and bases.
- Students are able to prepare polymers like bakelite and nylon-6.
- Estimations saponification value, surface tension and viscosity of lubricant oils.

List of Experiments:

- **I. Volumetric Analysis:** Estimation of Hardness of water by EDTA Complexometry method.
- **II. Conductometry:** Estimation of the concentration of an acid by Conductometry.
- **III.Potentiometry:** Estimation of the amount of Fe⁺² by Potentiomentry.
- **IV. pH Metry:** Determination of an acid concentration using pH meter.
- V. Preparations:
 - 1. Preparation of Bakelite.
 - 2. Preparation Nylon 6.

VI. Lubricants:

- 1. Estimation of acid value of given lubricant oil.
- 2. Estimation of Viscosity of lubricant oil using Ostwald's Viscometer.
- **VII. Corrosion:** Determination of rate of corrosion of mild steel in the presence and absence of inhibitor.

VIII. Virtual lab experiments

- 1. Construction of Fuel cell and its working.
- 2. Smart materials for Biomedical applications
- 3. Batteries for electrical vehicles.
- 4. Functioning of solar cell and its applications.

- 1. Lab manual for Engineering chemistry by B. Ramadevi and P. Aparna, S Chand Publications, New Delhi (2022)
- 2. Vogel's text book of practical organic chemistry 5th edition
- 3. Inorganic Quantitative analysis by A.I. Vogel, ELBS Publications.
- 4. College Practical Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Narosa Publications Ltd. New Delhi (2007).

PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L T P C 0 0 4 2

[Note:The programs may be executed using any available Open Source/ Freely

available IDESome of the Tools available are:

CodeLite: https://codelite.org/

Code:Blocks:

http://www.codeblocks.org/

DevCpp:

http://www.bloodshed.net/devcpp.html

Eclipse: http://www.eclipse.org

This list is not exhaustive and is NOT in any order of preference]

Course Objectives: The students will learn the following:

- To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debug programs
- To analyze the various steps in program development.
- To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C likeoperators, control statements etc.
- To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays etc.
- To Write programs using the Dynamic Memory Allocation concept.
- To create, read from and write to text and binary files

Course Outcomes: The candidate is expected to be able to:

- formulate the algorithms for simple problems
- translate given algorithms to a working and correct program
- correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers
- identify and correct logical errors encountered during execution
- represent and manipulate data with arrays, strings and structures
- use pointers of different types
- create, read and write to and from simple text and binary files
- modularize the code with functions so that they can be reused

Practice sessions:

- a. Write a simple program that prints the results of all the operators available in C (including pre/post increment, bitwise and/or/not, etc.). Read required operand values from standard input.
- b. Write a simple program that converts one given data type to another using auto conversion and casting. Take the values from standard input.

Simple numeric problems:

- a. Write a program for finding the max and min from the three numbers.
- b. Write the program for the simple, compound interest.
- c. Write a program that declares Class awarded for a given percentage of marks, where mark
 - <40% = Failed, 40% to <60% = Second class, 60% to <70% = First class, >= 70% = Distinction. Read percentage from standard input.
- d. Write a program that prints a multiplication table for a given number and the number of rows inthe table. For example, for a number 5 and rows = 3, the output should be:

- e. $5 \times 1 = 5$
- f. $5 \times 2 = 10$
- g. $5 \times 3 = 15$
- h. Write a program that shows the binary equivalent of a given positive number between 0 to 255.

Expression Evaluation:

- a. A building has 10 floors with a floor height of 3 meters each. A ball is dropped from the top of the building. Find the time taken by the ball to reach each floor. (Use the formula $s = ut + (1/2)at^2where u$ and a are the initial velocity in m/sec (= 0) and acceleration in m/sec² (= 9.8 m/s²).
- b. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,*, /, % and use Switch Statement)
- c. Write a program that finds if a given number is a prime number
- d. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer and test given number is palindrome.
- e. A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.
- f. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.
- g. Write a C program to find the roots of a Quadratic equation.
- h. Write a C program to calculate the following, where x is a fractional value.i. $1-x/2+x^2/4-x^3/6$
- j. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression: 1+x+x^2+x^3+ +x^n. For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes 1+5+25+125.

Arrays, Pointers and Functions:

- a. Write a C program to find the minimum, maximum and average in an array of integers.
- b. Write a function to compute mean, variance, Standard Deviation, sorting of n elements in a single dimension array.
- c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
- d. Addition of Two Matrices
- e. Multiplication of Two Matrices
- f. Transpose of a matrix with memory dynamically allocated for the new matrix as row and columncounts may not be the same.
- g. Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions
- h. To find the factorial of a given integer.
- i. To find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers.
- i. To find x^n
- k. Write a program for reading elements using a pointer into an array and display the values using the array.
- I. Write a program for display values reverse order from an array using a pointer.
- m. Write a program through a pointer variable to sum of n elements from an array.

Files:

- a. Write a C program to display the contents of a file to standard output device.
- b. Write a C program which copies one file to another, replacing all lowercase characters withtheir uppercase equivalents.
- c. Write a C program to count the number of times a character occurs in a text file. The file name and the character are supplied as command line arguments.
- d. Write a C program that does the following: It should first create a binary file and store 10 integers, where the file name and 10 values are given in the command line. (hint: convert the strings using atoi function)

Now the program asks for an index and a value from the user and the value at that index shouldbe changed to the new value in the file. (hint: use fseek function) The program should then read all 10 values and print them back.

e. Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followedby those of the second are put in the third file).

Strings:

- a. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral ranging from I to L to its decimal equivalent.
- b. Write a C program that converts a number ranging from 1 to 50 to Roman equivalent
- c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
- d. To insert a sub-string into a given main string from a given position.
- e. To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.
- f. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not (Spelled same in bothdirections with or without a meaning like madam, civic, noon, abcba, etc.)
- g. Write a C program that displays the position of a character ch in the string S or 1 if S doesn'tcontain ch.
- h. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

Miscellaneous:

- a. Write a menu driven C program that allows a user to enter n numbers and then choose between finding the smallest, largest, sum, or average. The menu and all the choices are to be functions. Use a switch statement to determine what action to take. Display an error message if an invalid choice is entered.
- b. Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers as follows:

| 1 | * | 1 | 1 | * |
|-----|-------|-------|--------------|-----|
| 1 2 | * * | 2 3 | 2 2 | * * |
| 123 | * * * | 4 5 6 | 3 3 3 | * * |
| | | | | * |
| | | | $4\ 4\ 4\ 4$ | * * |
| | | | | * |

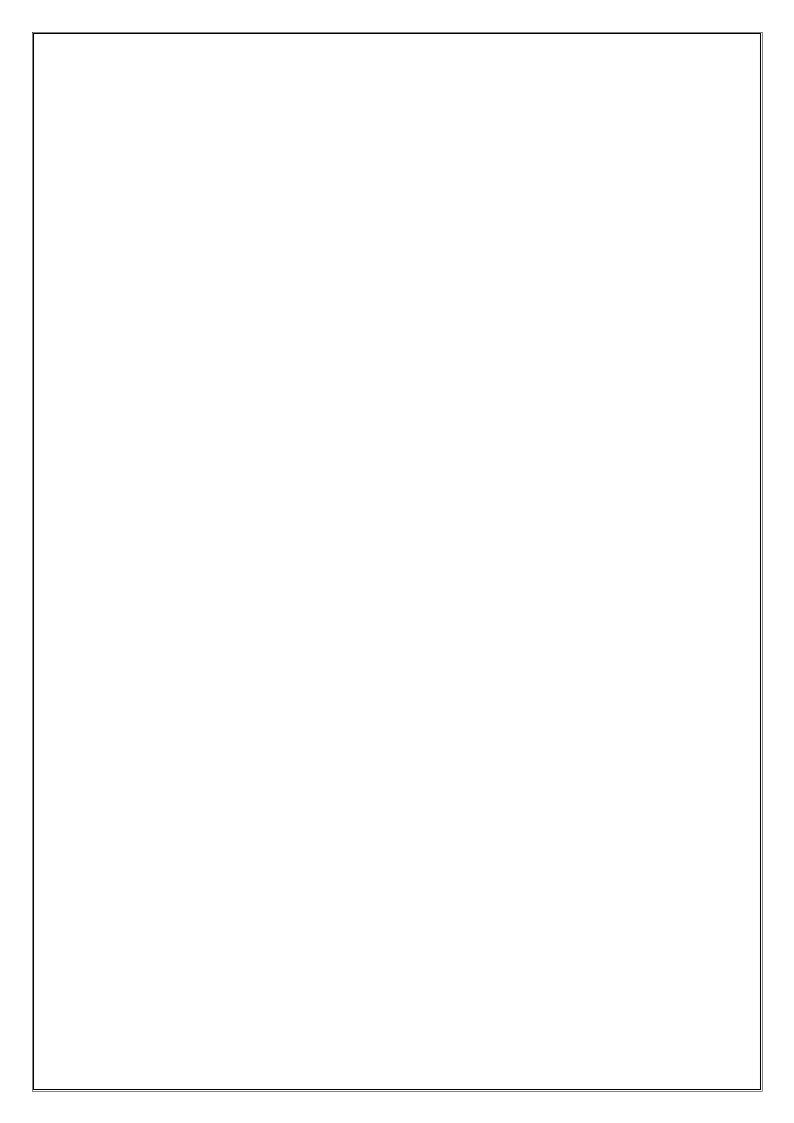
Sorting and Searching:

- a. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given
- b. list of integers using linear search method.
- c. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given
- d. sorted list of integers using binary search method.
- e. Write a C program that implements the Bubble sort method to sort a given list of
- f. integers in ascending order.
- g. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using selection sort in descending order
- h. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using insertion sort in ascending order
- i. Write a C program that sorts a given array of names

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jeri R. Hanly and Elliot B.Koffman, Problem solving and Program Design in C 7th Edition, Pearson
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rdEdition)

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, PHI
- 2. E. Balagurusamy, Computer fundamentals and C, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Yashavant Kanetkar, Let Us C, 18th Edition, BPB
- 4. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16th Impression)
- 5. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 6. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill



BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

B.Tech. I Year I Sem. L T P C 0 0 2 1

Prerequisites: Basic Electrical Engineering

Course Objectives:

- To measure the electrical parameters for different types of DC and AC circuits using conventional and theorems approach.
- To study the transient response of various R, L and C circuits using different excitations.
- To determine the performance of different types of DC, AC machines and Transformers.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Verify the basic Electrical circuits through different experiments.
- Evaluate the performance calculations of Electrical Machines and Transformers throughvarious testing methods.
- Analyze the transient responses of R, L and C circuits for different input conditions.

List of experiments/demonstrations:

PART- A (compulsory)

- 1. Verification of KVL and KCL
- 2. Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's theorem
- 3. Transient Response of Series RL and RC circuits for DC excitation
- 4. Resonance in series RLC circuit
- 5. Calculations and Verification of Impedance and Current of RL, RC and RLC seriescircuits
- 6. Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of aSingle-Phase Transformer
- 7. Performance Characteristics of a DC Shunt Motor
- 8. Torque-Speed Characteristics of a Three-phase Induction Motor.

PART-B (any two experiments from the given list)

- 1. Verification of Superposition theorem.
- 2. Three Phase Transformer: Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents(Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta-star, Star-Star)
- 3. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)
- 4. Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in a balanced Three-phase circuit
- 5. No-Load Characteristics of a Three-phase Alternator

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2019.
- 2. MS Naidu and S Kamakshaiah, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2008.

- 1. P. Ramana, M. Suryakalavathi, G.T.Chandrasheker,"Basic Electrical Engineering",
 - S. Chand, 2nd Edition, 2019.
- 2. D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009
- 3. M. S. Sukhija, T. K. Nagsarkar, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Oxford, 1stEdition, 2012.
- 4. Abhijit Chakrabarthi, Sudipta Debnath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic ElectricalEngineering", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.
- 5. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 6. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010. V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering