



**ACE**  
**Engineering College**  
**B. Tech. in ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**  
**COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS (R25 Regulations)**  
**Applicable from AY 2025-26 Batch**

**I Year I Semester (25 Hours)**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1.	MA101BS	Matrices and Calculus	3	1	0	4
2.	PH102BS	Advanced Engineering Physics	3	0	0	3
3.	CS103ES	Programming for Problem Solving	3	0	0	3
4.	EC104ES	<b>Introduction to Electrical Engineering</b>	2	0	0	2
5.	ME105ES	Engineering Drawing and Computer Aided Drafting	2	0	2	3
6.	EN106HS	English for Skill Enhancement	3	0	0	3
7.	PH107BS	Advanced Engineering Physics Lab	0	0	2	1
8.	CS108ES	Programming for Problem Solving Lab		0	2	1
9.	EN109HS	English Language and Communication Skills Lab	0	0	2	1
		Induction Program				
		<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>08</b>	<b>21</b>

**I Year II Semester (25 Hours)**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1.	MA201BS	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	3	0	0	3
2.	CH202BS	Engineering Chemistry	3	0	0	3
3.	CS203ES	Python Programming	3	0	0	3
4.	CS204ES	Data Structures	3	0	0	3
5.	EE205ES	Network Analysis and Synthesis	3	0	0	3
6.	CH206BS	Engineering Chemistry Lab	0	0	2	1
7.	EC207ES	Applied Python Programming Lab	0	0	2	1
8.	CS208ES	Data Structures Lab	0	0	2	1
9.	EC209ES	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	0	0	2	1
10.	ME210ES	Engineering Workshop	0	0	2	1
		<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>20</b>

**II YEAR I SEMESTER (25 Hours)**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1.	EC301PC	Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes	3	0	0	3
2.	EC302PC	Signals and Systems	3	0	0	3
3.	EC303PC	Electronic Devices and Circuits	3	0	0	3
4.	EC304PC	Digital Logic Design	3	0	0	3
5.	EC305PC	Control Systems	2	0	0	2
6.	MS306HS	Innovation and Entrepreneurship	2	0	0	2
7.	EC307PC	Modelling and Simulation Lab	0	0	2	1
8.	EC308PC	Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab	0	0	2	1
9.	EC309PC	Digital Logic Design Lab	0	0	2	1
10.	EC310SD	Linux and Shell Scripting	0	0	2	1
11.	VA300ES	Environmental Science	1	0	0	1
		<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>08</b>	<b>21</b>

**II YEAR II SEMESTER (25 Hours)**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1.	MA401BS	Numerical Methods and Complex Variables	3	0	0	3
2.	EC402PC	Electromagnetic Fields and Transmission Lines	3	0	0	3
3.	EC403PC	Analog and Digital Communications	3	0	0	3
4.	EC404PC	Electronic Circuit Analysis	3	0	0	3
5.	EC405PC	Linear and Digital IC Applications	3	0	0	3
6.	MA406PC	Computational Mathematics Lab	0	0	2	1
7.	EC407PC	Analog and Digital Communications Lab	0	0	2	1
8.	EC408PC	Electronic Circuit Analysis Lab	0	0	2	1
9.	EC409PC	Linear and Digital IC Applications Lab	0	0	2	1
10.	EC410SD	Web and Mobile Applications	0	0	2	1
11.		<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>20</b>

**III YEAR I SEMESTER (27 Hours)**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1.	EC501PC	Digital Signal Processing	3	0	0	3
2.	EC502PC	RISC and Microcontroller architectures	3	0	0	3
3.	EC503PC	CMOS VLSI Design	3	0	0	3
4.		Professional Elective-I	3	0	0	3
5.		Open Elective-I	2	0	0	2
6.	EC504PC	RISC and Microcontroller Interfacing Laboratory	0	0	2	1
7.	EC505PC	CMOS VLSI Design Laboratory	0	0	2	1
8.	EC506PC	Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	0	0	2	1
9.	EC507PC	Field-based Research Project	0	0	4	2
10.	EC508SD	FPGA based System Design	0	0	2	1
11.	VA500HS	Indian Knowledge System	1	0	0	1
		<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>21</b>

**III YEAR II SEMESTER (25 Hours)**

S.No	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1.	EC601PC	Antenna Design and Wave Propagation	3	0	0	3
2.	EC602PC	IoT Architectures and Protocols	3	0	0	3
3.	MS603HS	Business Economics and Financial Analysis	3	0	0	3
4.		Professional Elective-II	3	0	0	3
5.		Open Elective - II	2	0	0	2
6.	EC604PC	Advanced Communications Lab	0	0	2	1
7.	EC605PC	IoT Architectures and Protocols Laboratory	0	0	2	1
8.	EC606PC	VLSI Design Verification Laboratory	0	0	2	1
9.	EN607HS	English for Employability Skills Lab	0	0	2	1
10.	EC608SD	45G Practical Lab/Robotic Lab/Drone Lab	0	0	2	1
11.	VA600HS/ VA601HS	Gender Sensitization*/ Human Values and Professional Ethics*	1	0	0	0.5+0.5
		<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>20</b>

**\*Note: For the courses Gender Sensitization and Human Values and Professional Ethics-** one hour of instruction will be conducted on alternate weeks. For example, if a one-hour class for Gender Sensitization is conducted this week, then a one-hour class for Human Values and Professional Ethics will be conducted in the following week.

**IV YEAR I SEMESTER (25 Hours)**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1.	EC701PC	Microwave and Optical Communications	3	0	0	3
2.	EC702PC	Embedded System Design	3	0	0	3
3.	MS703HS	Fundamentals of Management for Engineers	3	0	0	3
4.		Professional Elective-III	3	0	0	3
5.		Professional Elective - IV	3	0	0	3
6.		Open Elective - III	2	0	0	2
7.	EC704PC	Microwave and Optical Communications Laboratory	0	0	2	1
8.	EC705PC	Embedded System Design Lab	0	0	2	1
9.	EC706PC	Industry Oriented Mini Project/ Internship	0	0	4	2
		<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>08</b>	<b>21</b>

**IV YEAR II SEMESTER (48 Hours)**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1.		Professional Elective - V	3	0	0	3
2.		Professional Elective - VI	3	0	0	3
3.	EC801PC	Project Work	0	0	42	14
		<b>Total Credits</b>	<b>06</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>20</b>

**Professional Elective - I**

EC511PE	Sustainability for Electronics
EC512PE	CMOS Fabrication and Technology
EC513PE	Data Communications and Computer Networks
EC514PE	Computer Organization and Operating Systems

**Professional Elective - II**

EC621PE	5G Communications
EC622PE	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation
EC623PE	Low Power VLSI Design
EC624PE	Image and Video Processing

**Professional Elective-III**

EC731PE	Biomedical Signal and Image Processing
EC732PE	Wireless Communication Networks
EC733PE	Design for Testability
EC734PE	Unmanned Aerial Vehicles and Satellite Imaging

**Professional Elective-IV**

EC741PE	Artificial Neural Networks and Deep Learning
EC742PE	Satellite Communications
EC743PE	Analog and Mixed Signal IC Design
EC744PE	Biomedical Instrumentation

**Professional Elective-V**

EC851PE	AI for Signal and Image Processing
EC852PE	Radar Systems
EC853PE	Intelligent e - Computer Aided Design
EC854PE	Network Security and Cryptography

**Professional Elective-VI**

EC861PE	DSP Processors and Architectures
EC862PE	Quantum Technologies
EC863PE	RF Circuit Design
EC864PE	Model Based System Engineering

**OPEN ELECTIVES****Open Elective-I:**

EC511OE	Principles of Communication
EC512OE	Fundamentals of Cyber Physical Systems

**Open Elective-II:**

EC621OE	Fundamentals of Image Processing
EC622OE	Automotive Electronics

**Open Elective-III:**

EC731OE	Introduction to wireless Communications
EC732OE	Electronics for Health Care

**MA101BS: MATRICES AND CALCULUS****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

**Pre-requisites:** Mathematical Knowledge at pre-university level**Objectives:** To learn

1. Applying basic operations on matrices and their properties.
2. Concept of a rank of the matrix and applying this concept to know the consistency and solving the system of linear equations.
3. Concept of eigen values and eigen vectors and to reduce the quadratic form to canonical form
4. Geometrical approach to the mean value theorems and their application to the mathematical problems
5. Finding maxima and minima of functions of two and three variables.
6. Evaluation of multiple integrals and their applications.

**Course outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper, the student must be able to

1. Write the matrix representation of a set of linear equations and to analyze the solution of the system of equations
2. Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors
3. Reduce the quadratic form to canonical form using orthogonal transformations.
4. Solve the applications of the mean value theorems.
5. Find the extreme values of functions of two variables with/ without constraints and Evaluate the multiple integrals and apply the concept to find areas, volumes.

**UNIT-I: Matrices****8 L**

Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and Normal form – Inverse of Non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method. System of linear equations: Solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations. Gauss Seidel Iteration Method.

**UNIT-II: Eigen values and Eigen vectors****10 L**

Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigen values – Eigen vectors and their properties – Diagonalization of a matrix – Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof) – Finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem. Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms – Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical form by Orthogonal Transformation.

**UNIT-III: Single Variable Calculus****10 L**

Limit and Continuous of functions and its properties. Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem – Lagrange's Mean value theorem with their Geometrical Interpretation and applications – Cauchy's Mean value Theorem – Taylor's Series (All the theorems without proof).

**Curve Tracing:** Curve tracing in cartesian coordinates.**UNIT-IV: Multivariable Calculus (Partial Differentiation and applications)****10 L**

Definitions of Limit and continuity – Partial Differentiation: Euler's Theorem – Total derivative – Jacobian - Functional dependence & independence. Applications: Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and three variables using method of Lagrange multipliers.

**UNIT-V: Multivariable Calculus (Integration)****10 L**

Evaluation of Double Integrals (Cartesian and polar coordinates) - change of order of integration (only Cartesian form) – Change of variables for double integrals (Cartesian to polar). Evaluation of Triple Integrals – Change of variables for triple integrals (Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates). Applications: Areas by double integrals and volumes by triple integrals.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
2. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
4. H. K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi.

**PH102BS: ADVANCED ENGINEERING PHYSICS****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Pre-requisites:** 10+2 Physics**Course Objectives:**

1. To study crystal structures, defects, and material characterization techniques like XRD and SEM.
2. To understand fundamental concepts of quantum mechanics and their applications in solids and nanomaterials.
3. To introduce quantum computing principles, quantum gates, and basic quantum algorithms.
4. To learn the properties and applications of magnetic and dielectric materials.
5. To explore the working and applications of lasers and fibre optics in modern technology.

**Course Outcomes:**

1. **CO1:** Analyze crystal structures, identify defects, and apply XRD and SEM techniques for material characterization.
2. **CO2:** Apply quantum mechanical principles to explain particle behaviour and energy band formation in solids.
3. **CO3:** Understand quantum computing concepts, use quantum gates, and explain basic quantum algorithms.
4. **CO4:** Classify magnetic and dielectric materials and explain their properties, synthesis, and applications.
5. **CO5:** Explain the principles of lasers and fibre optics and their applications in communication and sensing.

**UNIT - I: Crystallography & Materials Characterization**

Introduction: Unit cell, space lattice, basis, lattice parameters; crystal structures, Bravais lattices, packing factor: SC, BCC, FCC; Miller indices, inter-planar distance; defects in crystals (Qualitative): point defects, line defects, surface defects and volume defects. concept of nanomaterials: surface to volume ratio, X -ray diffraction: Bragg's law, powder method, calculation of average crystallite size using Debye Scherrer's formula, scanning electron microscopy (SEM): block diagram, working principle.

**UNIT - II: Quantum Mechanics**

Introduction, de-Broglie hypothesis, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, physical significance of wave function, postulates of quantum mechanics: operators in quantum mechanics, eigen values and eigen functions, expectation value; Schrödinger's time independent wave equation, particle in a 1D box, Bloch's theorem (qualitative), Kronig-Penney model (qualitative): E-k diagram, effective mass of electron, formation of energy bands, origin of bandgap, classification of solids, concept of discrete energy levels and quantum confinement in nanomaterials.

**UNIT - III: Quantum Computing**

Introduction, linear algebra for quantum computation, Dirac's Bra and Ket notation and their properties, Hilbert space, Bloch's sphere, concept of quantum computer, classical bits, Qubits, multiple Qubit system, quantum computing system for information processing, evolution of quantum systems, quantum measurements, entanglement, quantum gates, challenges and advantages of quantum computing over classical computation, quantum algorithms: Deutsch-Jozsa, Shor, Grover.

**UNIT - IV: Magnetic and Dielectric Materials**

Introduction to magnetic materials, origin of magnetic moment-classification of magnetic materials, hysteresis, Weiss domain theory of ferromagnetism, soft and hard magnetic materials, synthesis of ferrimagnetic materials using sol-gel method, applications: magnetic hyperthermia for cancer treatment, magnets for EV, Giant Magneto Resistance (GMR) device.

Introduction to dielectric materials, types of polarization (qualitative): electronics, ionic & orientation; ferroelectric, piezoelectric, pyroelectric materials and their applications: Ferroelectric Random-Access Memory (Fe-RAM), load cell and fire sensor.

**UNIT - V: Laser and Fibre Optics**

Introduction to laser, characteristics of laser, Einstein coefficients and their relations, metastable state, population inversion, pumping, lasing action, Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, CO<sub>2</sub> laser, semiconductor diode laser, applications: Bar code scanner, LIDAR for autonomous vehicle.

Introduction to fibre optics, total internal reflection, construction of optical fibre, acceptance angle, numerical aperture, classification of optical fibres, losses in optical fibre, applications: optical fibre for communication system, sensor for structural health monitoring.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Walter Borchartd-Ott, *Crystallography: An Introduction*, Springer.
2. Charles Kittel, *Introduction to Solid State Physics*, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
3. Thomas G. Wong, *Introduction to Classical and Quantum Computing*, Rooted Grove

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Jozef Gruska, *Quantum Computing*, McGraw Hill
2. Michael A. Nielsen & Isaac L. Chuang, *Quantum Computation and Quantum Information*, Cambridge University Press.
3. John M. Senior, *Optical Fiber Communications Principles and Practice*, Pearson Education Limited.

**Useful Links**

- <https://shijuinpallotti.wordpress.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/optical-fiber-communications-principles-and-pr.pdf>
- [https://www.geokniga.org/bookfiles/geokniga-crystallography\\_0.pdf](https://www.geokniga.org/bookfiles/geokniga-crystallography_0.pdf)
- <https://dpbck.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/Introduction-to-Solid-State-PhysicsCharles-Kittel.pdf>
- <https://www.thomaswong.net/introduction-to-classical-and-quantum-computing-1e4p.pdf>
- <https://www.fi.muni.cz/usr/gruska/qbook1.pdf>
- <https://profmcruz.wordpress.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/quantum-computation-and-quantum-information-nielsen-chuang.pdf>

**CS103ES: PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Course Objectives:**

1. To learn the fundamentals of computers.
2. To understand the various steps in program development.
3. To learn the syntax and semantics of the C programming language.
4. To learn the usage of structured programming approaches in solving problems.

**Course Outcomes:** The student will learn

1. To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems.
2. To convert the algorithms/flowcharts to C programs.
3. To code and test a given logic in the C programming language.
4. To decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code.
5. To use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to write C programs and Searching and sorting problems.

**UNIT - I:** Overview of C:C Language Elements, Variable Declarations and Data Types, Executable Statements, General Form of a C Program, Arithmetic Expressions, Formatting Numbers in Program Output.

Selection Structures: Control Structures, Conditions, if Statement, if Statements with Compound Statements, Decision Steps in Algorithms.

Repetition and Loop Statements: Repetition in Programs, Counting Loops and the while Statement, Computing a Sum or Product in a Loop, for Statement, Conditional Loops, Loop Design, Nested Loops, do-while Statement.

**UNIT - II:** Top-Down Design with Functions: Building Programs from Existing Information, Library Functions, Top-Down Design and Structure Charts, Functions without Arguments, Functions with Input Arguments.

Pointers and Modular Programming: Pointers and the Indirection Operator, Functions with Output Parameters, Multiple Calls to a Function with Input/ Output Parameters, Scope of Names, Formal Output Parameters as Actual Arguments.

**UNIT - III:** Arrays: Declaring and Referencing Arrays, Array Subscripts, Using for Loops for Sequential Access, Using Array Elements as Function Arguments, Array Arguments, Searching and Sorting an Array, Parallel Arrays and Enumerated Types, Multidimensional Arrays.

Strings: String Basics, String Library Functions: Assignment and Substrings, Longer Strings: Concatenation and Whole-Line Input, String Comparison, Arrays of Pointers.

**UNIT - IV:** Recursion: The Nature of Recursion, Tracing a Recursive Function, Recursive Mathematical Functions, Recursive Functions with Array and String Parameters

Structure and Union Types: User-Defined Structure Types, Structure Type Data as Input and Output Parameters, Functions with Structured Result Values, Union Types.

**UNIT - V:** Text and Binary File Pointers: Input/ Output Files - Review and Further Study, Binary Files, Searching a Database.

Searching and Sorting: Basic searching in an array of elements (linear and binary search techniques), Basic algorithms to sort array of elements (Bubble, Insertion and Selection sort algorithms).

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Jeri R. Hanly and Elliot B. Koffman, Problem solving and Program Design in C 7th Edition, Pearson.

2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition).

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India.
2. E. Balagurusamy, Computer fundamentals and C, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill.
3. Yashavant Kanetkar, Let Us C, 18th Edition, BPB.
4. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16th Impression).
5. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
6. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition.
7. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill.

**EC104ES: INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

**Prerequisites:** Mathematics**Course Objectives:**

- To understand DC and Single & Three phase AC circuits
- To study and understand the different types of DC, AC machines and Transformers.
- To import the knowledge of various electrical installations and the concept of power, power factor and its improvement.

**Course Outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to**CO1:** Explain the fundamental concepts of D.C. and A.C. circuits, including RLC elements, sources, laws, and theorems.**CO2:** Analyze single-phase and three-phase AC circuits using phasor techniques and evaluate parameters such as power, power factor, and resonance.**CO3:** Demonstrate the working principle, equivalent circuit, losses, regulation, and efficiency of transformers and auto-transformers.**CO4:** Describe the operating principles and characteristics of D.C. machines, three-phase induction motors, and synchronous generators.**CO5:** Apply knowledge of electrical installations to select switchgear components, types of wiring, cables, earthing, and perform elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement, and battery backup.**UNIT-I:****D.C. Circuits:** Introduction to R, L and C elements, Independent voltage and current sources, KVL & KCL, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems. Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.**UNIT-II:****A.C. Circuits:** Introduction to sinusoidal waveforms, phasor representation, the concept of power and power factor, Analysis of 1-phase RLC series and parallel circuits, resonance in series R-L-C circuit. Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.**UNIT-III:****Transformers:** Principle of operation, equivalent circuit, losses, regulation and efficiency. Introduction to Auto-transformer.**UNIT-IV:****Electrical Machines:** Principle of operation of DC machine, performance characteristics of dc shunt machine. Principle of operation of a 3-phase induction motor, torque-slip characteristics. Principle of operation of synchronous generator.**UNIT-V:****Electrical Installations:** Components of LT Switchgear: SFU, MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, and Characteristics. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2019.
2. MS Naidu and S Kamakshaiah, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2008.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. P. Ramana, M. Suryakalavathi, G.T. Chandrasheker, "Basic Electrical Engineering", S.

2. D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009
3. M. S. Sukhija, T. K. Nagsarkar, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Oxford, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2012.
4. Abhijit Chakrabarthy, Sudipta Debnath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic Electrical Engineering", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.
5. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
6. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
7. V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989.

**ME105ES: ENGINEERING DRAWING AND COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
2	0	2	3

**Course Objectives:**

1. To introduce the fundamentals of engineering drawing and projection systems.
2. To develop skills in constructing orthographic, isometric, and sectional views.
3. To train students in interpreting and creating technical drawings using CAD tools.
4. To familiarize students with dimensioning standards and drafting conventions.
5. To bridge manual drafting techniques with computer-aided drafting practices.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand and apply the principles of orthographic and isometric projections.
2. Create sectional views and dimensioned drawings using BIS standards.
3. Use CAD software to generate 2D engineering drawings.
4. Visualize and construct solid models from 2D views.
5. Interpret and produce engineering drawings of mechanical components and assemblies and Demonstrate drafting skills for practical and industrial applications.

**UNIT – I: Introduction to Engineering Graphics (Conventional)**

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance, Geometrical Constructions, Scales, Plain and Diagonal, Conic Sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola, General method only. Cycloid, Epicycloid and Hypocycloid.

**UNIT - II: Orthographic Projections (Conventional and Computer Aided)**

Principles of Orthographic Projections, Conventions, Projections of Points and Lines, Projections of Plane regular geometric figures. Auxiliary Planes. Computer aided orthographic projections, points, lines and planes. Introduction to Computer aided drafting, views, commands and conics.

**UNIT – III: Projections of Regular Solids (Conventional and Computer Aided)**

Auxiliary Views, Sections or Sectional views of Right Regular Solids, Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone, Auxiliary views, Computer aided projections of solids, sectional views

**UNIT – IV: Development of Surfaces (Conventional):** Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone.**UNIT – V: Isometric Projections (Conventional and Computer Aided)**

Principles of Isometric Projection, Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conventions, Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids, Isometric Projection of objects having non, isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts. Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa, Conventions. Conversion of orthographic projection into isometric view.

**Note:**

1. The End Semester Examination will be in conventional mode.
2. CIE - I will be in conventional mode.
3. CIE - II will be using Computer.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Drawing, N.D. Bhatt, Charotar, 54<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2023.
2. Engineering Drawing and graphics Using AutoCAD, T. Jeyapoovan and Vikas, S. Chand and company Ltd., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2010.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Drawing, Basant Agrawal and C.M. Agrawal, McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2019.
2. Engineering Graphics and Design, WILEY, John Wiley and Sons Inc, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2020.
3. Engineering Drawing, M. B. Shah and B.C. Rane, Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
4. Engineering Drawing, N. S. Parthasarathy and Vela Murali, Oxford, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2015.
5. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, K. Balaveera Reddy, CBS Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2015.

**EN106HS: ENGLISH FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.****L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3****INTRODUCTION**

National Education Policy-2020 aims at preparing students with knowledge, skills, values, leadership qualities and initiates them for lifelong learning. It also emphasizes language study and promotion of languages through understanding and proper interpretation. English language is central to the educational eco system. The importance of language as medium of communication for personal, social, official and professional needs to be emphasized for clear and concise expression. Teaching and learning of receptive and productive skills viz., Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing (LSRW) are to be taught and learnt effectively in the undergraduate Engineering programs. Learners should be encouraged to engage in a rigorous process of learning to become proficient users of English language by adopting a deeply focused and yet flexible approach as opposed to rote learning.

In this connection, suitable syllabus, effective pedagogy, continuous assessments and students' involvement result in productive learning. This course supports the latest knowledge and skill requirements and shall meet specified learning outcomes. The main objectives of English language teaching and learning as medium of communication and for promotion of cultural values are embedded in this syllabus. Efforts are being made in providing a holistic approach towards value-based language learning which equips the learner with receptive as well as productive skills.

The focus in this syllabus is on skill development, fostering ideas and practice of language skills in various contexts and cultures in the areas of vocabulary, grammar, reading and writing. For this, the teachers should use the prescribed textbook for detailed study. The students should be encouraged to read the texts leading to reading comprehension. The time should be utilized for working out the exercises given after each excerpt, and also for supplementing the exercises with authentic materials of a similar kind, for example, newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material.

**LEARNING OBJECTIVES:** This course will enable the students to:

- Improve their vocabulary.
- Use appropriate sentence structures in their oral and written communication.
- Develop their reading and study skills.
- Equip students to write paragraphs, essays, précis and draft letters.
- Acquire skills for Technical report writing.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:** Students will be able to:

- Choose appropriate vocabulary in their oral and written communication.
- Demonstrate their understanding of the rules of functional grammar and sentence structures.
- Develop comprehension skills from known and unknown passages.
- Write paragraphs, essays, précis and draft letters.
- Write abstracts and reports in various contexts.

**SYLLABUS:** The course content / study material is divided into **Five Units**.

**UNIT –I**

**Theme:** Perspectives  
Lesson on 'The Generation Gap' by Benjamin M. Spock from the prescribed textbook titled *English for the Young in the Digital World* published by Orient Black Swan Pvt. Ltd.

**Vocabulary:** The Concept of Word Formation -The Use of Prefixes and Suffixes - Words Often Misspelt - Synonyms and Antonyms

**Grammar:** Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Parts of Speech particularly Articles and Prepositions – Degrees of Comparison

**Reading:** Reading and Its Importance- Sub Skills of Reading - Skimming and Scanning.

**Writing:** Sentence Structures and Types -Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences-Importance of Proper Punctuation- Techniques for Writing Precisely -Nature and Style of Formal Writing.

**UNIT –II**

- Theme:** **Digital Transformation**  
**Lesson on ‘Emerging Technologies’ from the prescribed textbook titled *English for the Young in the Digital World* published by Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd.**
- Vocabulary:** Homophones, Homonyms and Homographs
- Grammar:** Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-pronoun Agreement and Subject-verb Agreement.
- Reading:** Reading Strategies-Guessing Meaning from Context - Identifying Main Ideas - Exercises for Practice
- Writing:** Paragraph Writing – Types, Structures and Features of a Paragraph - Creating Coherence – Linkers and Connectives - Organizing Principles in a Paragraph – Defining- Describing People, Objects, Places and Events – Classifying- Providing Examples or Evidence - Essay Writing - Writing Introduction and Conclusion.

**UNIT –III**

- Theme:** **Attitude and Gratitude**  
**Poems on ‘Leisure’ by William Henry Davies and ‘Be Thankful’ - Unknown Author from the prescribed textbook titled *English for the Young in the Digital World* published by Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd.**
- Vocabulary:** Words Often Confused - Words from Foreign Languages and their Use in English.
- Grammar:** Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers and Tenses.
- Reading:** Sub-Skills of Reading - Identifying Topic Sentence and Providing Supporting Ideas - Exercises for Practice.
- Writing:** Format of a Formal Letter-Writing Formal Letters E.g., Letter of Complaint, Letter of Requisition, Job Application with CV/Resume -Difference between Writing a Letter and an Email - Email Etiquette.

**UNIT –IV**

- Theme:** **Entrepreneurship**  
**Lesson on ‘Why a Start-Up Needs to Find its Customers First’ by Pranav Jain from the prescribed textbook titled *English for the Young in the Digital World* published by Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd.**
- Vocabulary:** Standard Abbreviations in English - Inferring Meanings of Words through Context - Phrasal Verbs – Idioms.
- Grammar:** Redundancies and Clichés in Written Communication - Converting Passive to Active Voice and Vice-Versa.
- Reading:** Prompt Engineering Techniques- Comprehending and Generating Appropriate Prompts - Exercises for Practice
- Writing:** Writing Practices- Note Making-Précis Writing.

**UNIT –V**

- Theme:** **Integrity and Professionalism**  
**Lesson on ‘Professional Ethics’ from the prescribed textbook titled *English for the Young in the Digital World* published by Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd.**
- Vocabulary:** Technical Vocabulary and their Usage- One Word Substitutes - Collocations.
- Grammar:** Direct and Indirect Speech - Common Errors in English (Covering all the other aspects of grammar which were not covered in the previous units)
- Reading:** Survey, Question, Read, Recite and Review (SQ3R Method) - Inferring the Meaning and Evaluating a Text- Exercises for Practice
- Writing:** **Report Writing - Technical Reports- Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing a Technical Report.**

**Note:** *Listening and Speaking skills which are given under Unit-6 in AICTE Model Curriculum are*

**covered in the syllabus of ELCS Lab Course.**

- (Note: As the syllabus of English given in AICTE *Model Curriculum-2018 for B.Tech. First Year is Open-ended*, besides following the prescribed textbook, it is required to prepare teaching/learning materials **by the teachers collectively** in the form of handouts based on the needs of the students in their respective colleges for effective teaching/learning in the class.)

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Board of Editors. 2025. *English for the Young in the Digital World*. Orient Black Swan Pvt. Ltd.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Swan, Michael. (2016). *Practical English Usage*. Oxford University Press. New Edition.
2. Karal, Rajeevan. 2023. *English Grammar Just for You*. Oxford University Press. New Delhi
3. 2024. *Empowering with Language: Communicative English for Undergraduates*. Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi
4. Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata. 2022. *Communication Skills – A Workbook*. Oxford University Press. New Delhi
5. Wood, F.T. (2007). *Remedial English Grammar*. Macmillan.
6. Vishwamohan, Aysha. (2013). *English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students*. Mc Graw-Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd.

**PH107BS: ADVANCED ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

**Course Objectives:**

1. To provide practical exposure to advanced concepts in solid-state and modern physics.
2. To synthesize and study the physical properties of materials like semiconductors, ferromagnetic, and ferroelectric substances.
3. To perform semiconductor characterization using Hall effect and band gap experiments.
4. To explore the working principles of lasers and optical fibers through hands-on experiments.
5. To develop skills in data analysis, interpretation, and scientific reporting.

**Course Outcomes:**

1. **CO1:** Synthesize and analyze nanomaterials such as magnetite ( $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ ) using chemical methods.
2. **CO2:** Determine key electrical, magnetic, and optical properties of semiconductors and other functional materials.
3. **CO3:** Characterize semiconductors using Hall effect and energy gap measurement techniques.
4. **CO4:** Demonstrate working knowledge of laser systems and optical fiber parameters through experimental study.
5. **CO5:** Apply scientific methods for accurate data collection, analysis, and technical report writing.

**List of Experiments:**

1. Synthesis of magnetite ( $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ ) powder using sol-gel method.
2. Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor.
3. Determination of Hall coefficient and carrier concentration of a given semiconductor.
4. Determination of magnetic moment of a bar magnet and horizontal earth magnetic field.
5. Study of B-H curve of a ferro magnetic material.
6. Study of P-E loop of a given ferroelectric crystal.
7. Determination of dielectric constant of a given material.
8. Determination of Curie's temperature of a given ferroelectric material.
9. A) Determination of wavelength of a laser using diffraction grating.  
B) Study of V-I & L-I characteristics of a given laser diode.
10. A) Determination of numerical aperture of a given optical fibre.  
B) Determination of bending losses of a given optical fibre.

**Note: Any 8 experiments are to be performed.**

**CS108ES: PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

*[Note: The programs may be executed using any available Open Source/ Freely available IDE*

*Some of the Tools available are:*

*CodeLite: <https://codelite.org/>*

*Code::Blocks: <http://www.codeblocks.org/>*

*DevCpp : <http://www.bloodshed.net/devcpp.html>*

*Eclipse: <http://www.eclipse.org>*

*This list is not exhaustive and is NOT in any order of preference]*

**Course Objectives:** The students will learn the following:

1. To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debug programs
2. To analyze the various steps in program development.
3. To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C like operators, control statements etc.
4. To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays etc.
5. To Write programs using the Dynamic Memory Allocation concept.
6. To create, read from and write to text and binary files

**Course Outcomes:** The candidate is expected to be able to:

1. formulate the algorithms for simple problems
2. translate given algorithms to a working and correct program
3. correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers
4. identify and correct logical errors encountered during execution and represent and manipulate data with arrays, strings and structures
5. use pointers of different types, create, read and write to and from simple text and binary files and modularize the code with functions so that they can be reused

**PRACTICE SESSIONS:****Simple numeric problems:**

- a) Write a program for finding the max and min from the three numbers.
- b) Write the program for the simple, compound interest.
- c) Write a program that prints a multiplication table for a given number and the number of rows in the table. For example, for a number 5 and rows = 3, the output should be:
  - 5 x 1 = 5
  - 5 x 2 = 10
  - 5 x 3 = 15
- d) Write a program that shows the binary equivalent of a given positive number between 0 to 255.

**Expression Evaluation:**

- a) Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +, -, \*, /, % and use Switch Statement).
- b) Write a program that finds if a given number is a prime number.
- c) Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer and test given number is palindrome.
- d) A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write

a C program to generate the first n terms of the sequence.

**Arrays, Pointers and Functions:**

- a) Write a C program to find the minimum, maximum and average in an array of integers.
- b) Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
  - I. Addition of Two Matrices
  - II. Multiplication of Two Matrices
- c) Write a program for reading elements using a pointer into an array and display the values using the array.
- d) Write a program for display values reverse order from an array using a pointer.

**Files:**

- a) Write a C program which copies one file to another, replacing all lowercase characters with their uppercase equivalents.
- b) Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file).

**Strings:**

- a) Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
  - I. To insert a sub-string into a given main string from a given position.
  - II. To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string
- b) Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not (Spelled same in both directions with or without a meaning like madam, civic, noon, abcba, etc.)
- c) Write a C program that displays the position of a character ch in the string S or – 1 if S doesn't contain ch.
- d) Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

**Sorting and Searching:**

- a) Write a C program that uses non-recursive function to search for a Key value in a given list of integers using linear search method.
- b) Write a C program that uses non-recursive function to search for a Key value in a given sorted list of integers using binary search method.
- c) Write a C program that implements the Bubble sort method to sort a given list of integers in ascending order.
- d) Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using selection sort in descending order
- e) Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using insertion sort in ascending order
- f) Write a C program that sorts a given array of names.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Jeri R. Hanly and Elliot B.Koffman, Problem solving and Program Design in C 7th Edition, Pearson.
2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition).

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India
2. E. Balagurusamy, Computer fundamentals and C, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill
3. Yashavant Kanetkar, Let Us C, 18th Edition, BPB
4. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16th Impression)
5. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
6. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition
7. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill

**EN109HS: ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB**

B.Tech. I Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

The **English Language and Communication Skills (ELCS) Lab** focuses on listening and speaking skills, particularly on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarizes the students with the use of English in everyday situations both in formal and informal contexts.

**Listening Skills:****Objectives**

1. To enable students develop their active listening skills
2. To equip students with necessary training in listening, so that they can comprehend the speech of people from different linguistic backgrounds

**Speaking Skills:**

3. To improve their pronunciation and neutralize accent
4. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately
5. To practise speaking in social and professional contexts

**Learning Outcomes:** Students will be able to:

1. Listen actively and identify important information in spoken texts
2. Interpret the speech and infer the intention of the speaker
3. Improve their accent for intelligibility
4. Speak fluently with clarity and confidence
5. Use the language in real life situations

**Syllabus: English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:**

- a. **Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab** which focusses on listening skills
- b. **Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab** which focusses on speaking skills

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language and Communication Skills Lab**.

**Exercise – I****CALL Lab:**

*Instruction:* Speech Sounds-Listening Skill - Importance - Purpose - Types- Barriers- Active Listening

*Practice:* Listening to Distinguish Speech Sounds (Minimal Pairs) - *Testing Exercises*

**ICS Lab:**❖ **Diagnostic Test – Activity titled ‘Express Your View’**

*Instruction:* Spoken and Written language - Formal and Informal English - Greetings - Introducing Oneself and Others

*Practice:* Any Ice-Breaking Activity

**Exercise – II****CALL Lab:**

*Instruction:* *Listening vs. Hearing - Barriers to Listening*

*Practice:* Listening for General Information - Multiple Choice Questions - *Listening Comprehension Exercises (It is essential to identify a suitable passage with exercises for practice.)*

**ICS Lab:**

*Instruction:* Features of Good Conversation - Strategies for Effective Communication

*Practice:* Role Play Activity - Situational Dialogues -Expressions used in Various Situations -Making Requests and Seeking Permissions – Taking Leave - Telephone Etiquette

**Exercise - III****CALL Lab:**

*Instruction:* Errors in Pronunciation - Tips for Neutralizing Mother Tongue Influence (MTI)

*Practice:* Differences between British and American Pronunciation -*Listening Comprehension*

*Exercises***ICS Lab:**

Instruction: Describing Objects, Situations, Places, People and Events

*Practice: Picture Description Activity – Looking at a Picture and Describing Objects, Situations, Places, People and Events (A wide range of Materials / Handouts are to be made available in the lab.)*

**Exercise – IV****CALL Lab:**

Instruction: Techniques for *Effective Listening*

*Practice: Listening for Specific Details - Listening - Gap Fill Exercises - Listening Comprehension Exercises*

*(It is essential to identify a suitable passage with exercises for practice.)*

**ICS Lab:**

Instruction: How to Tell a Good Story - Story Star- Sequencing-Creativity

*Practice: Activity on Telling and Retelling Stories - Collage*

**Exercise – V****CALL Lab:**

Instruction: Identifying the literal and implied meaning

*Practice: Listening for Evaluation - Write the Summary - Listening Comprehension Exercises*

*(It is essential to identify a suitable passage with exercises for practice.)*

**ICS Lab:**

Instruction: Understanding Non-Verbal Communication

*Practice: Silent Speech - Dumb Charades Activity*

❖ **Post-Assessment Test on 'Express Your View'**

**Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:****1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab:**

**The Computer Assisted Language Learning Lab** has to accommodate 40 students with 40 systems, with one Master Console, LAN facility and English language learning software for self- study by students.


**System Requirement (Hardware component):**

*Computer network with LAN facility (minimum 40 systems with multimedia) with the following specifications:*

- i) Computers with Suitable Configuration
- ii) High Fidelity Headphones

**2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab:**

**The Interactive Communication Skills Lab:** A Spacious room with movable chairs and audio-visual aids with a Public Address System, a T. V. or LCD, a digital stereo – audio & video system and camcorder etc.

 **Note: English Language Teachers are requested to prepare Materials / Handouts for each Activity for the Use of those Materials in CALL & ICS Labs.**

**Suggested Software:**

- Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.
- Grammar Made Easy by Darling Kindersley.
- Punctuation Made Easy by Darling Kindersley.
- Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition.
- English in Mind (Series 1-4), Herbert Puchta and Jeff Stranks with Meredith Levy, Cambridge.
- English Pronunciation in Use (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press.
- English Vocabulary in Use (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) Cambridge University Press.

- TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS).

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Shobha, KN & Rayen, J. Lourdes. (2019). *Communicative English – A workbook*. Cambridge University Press
2. Board of Editors. (2016). *ELCS Lab Manual: A Workbook for CALL and ICS Lab Activities*. Orient BlackSwan Pvt. Ltd.
3. Mishra, Veerendra et al. (2020). *English Language Skills: A Practical Approach*. Cambridge University Press
4. (2022). *English Language Communication Skills – Lab Manual cum Workbook*. Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
5. Ur, Penny and Wright, Andrew. 2022. *Five Minute Activities – A Resource Book for Language Teachers*. Cambridge University Press.

**MA201BS: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS****B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Pre-requisites:** Mathematical Knowledge at pre-university level**Course Objectives:** To learn

1. Methods of solving the differential equations of first and higher order.
2. Concept, properties of Laplace transforms.
3. Solving ordinary differential equations using Laplace transforms techniques.
4. The physical quantities involved in engineering field related to vector valued functions
5. The basic properties of vector valued functions and their applications to line, surface and volume integrals

**Course outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper, the student must be able to

CO1: Solve first-order ordinary differential equations using standard methods and apply them to real-world problems such as Newton's law of cooling and growth/decay models.

CO2: Apply appropriate methods to solve higher-order linear differential equations with constant coefficients and non-homogeneous terms.

CO3: Use Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transforms to simplify functions, evaluate integrals, and solve initial value problems.

CO4: Compute gradient, divergence, curl, directional derivatives, and verify vector identities to analyze vector fields.

CO5: Evaluate line, surface, and volume integrals, and apply Green's, Gauss's, and Stokes' theorems to physical and engineering problems.

**UNIT-I: First Order Ordinary Differential Equations****8 L**

Exact differential equations – Equations reducible to exact differential equations – linear and Bernoulli's equations – Orthogonal Trajectories (only in Cartesian Coordinates). Applications: Newton's law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay.

**UNIT-II: Ordinary Differential Equations of Higher Order****10 L**Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients: Non-Homogeneous terms of the type  $e^{ax}$ ,  $\sin bx$ ,  $\cos bx$ , polynomials in  $x$ ,  $e^{ax}x^n$  and  $x^n e^{ax}$  - Method of variation of parameters.**UNIT-III: Laplace Transforms****10 L**

Laplace Transforms: Laplace Transform of standard functions – First shifting theorem – Laplace transforms of functions multiplied by 't' and divided by 't' – Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of function – Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transforms – Laplace transform of periodic functions – Inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem (without proof). Applications: solving Initial value problems by Laplace Transform method.

**UNIT-IV: Vector Differentiation****10 L**

Vector point functions and scalar point functions – Gradient – Divergence and Curl – Directional derivatives - Vector Identities - Scalar potential functions - Solenoidal and Irrotational vectors.

**UNIT-V: Vector Integration****10 L**

Line, Surface and Volume Integrals. Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes (without proofs) and their applications

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
2. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
4. H. K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi.

**CH202BS: ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY****B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Course Objectives:**

1. To develop adaptability to new advances in Engineering Chemistry and acquire the essential skills to become a competent engineering professional.
2. To understand the industrial significance of water treatment, fundamental principles of battery chemistry, and the impact of corrosion along with its control methods for structural protection.
3. To impart foundational knowledge of various energy sources and their practical applications in engineering.
4. To equip students with an understanding of smart materials, biosensors, and analytical techniques applicable in engineering, industrial, environmental, and biomedical fields.

**Course Outcomes:**

1. Students will be able to understand the fundamental properties of water and its applications in both domestic and industrial purposes.
2. Students will gain basic knowledge of electrochemical processes and their relevance to corrosion and its control methods.
3. Students will comprehend the significance and practical applications of batteries and various energy sources, enhancing their potential as future engineers and entrepreneurs.
4. Students will learn the basic concepts and properties of polymers and other engineering materials.
5. Students will be able to apply the principles of UV-Visible, IR spectroscopy and Raman spectroscopy in analyzing pollutants in dye industries and biomedical applications.

**UNIT-I: Water and its treatment: [8]**

Introduction- Hardness, types, degree of hardness and units. Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method - Numerical problems. Potable water and its specifications (WHO) - Steps involved in the treatment of potable water - Disinfection of potable water by chlorination and break-point chlorination. Defluoridation - Nalgonda technique.

Boiler troubles: Scales, Sludges and Caustic embrittlement. Internal treatment of boiler feed water - Calgon conditioning, Phosphate conditioning, Colloidal conditioning. External treatment methods - Softening of water by ion- exchange processes. Desalination of brackish water – Reverse osmosis.

**UNIT-II: Electrochemistry and Corrosion: [8]**

Introduction- Electrode potential, standard electrode potential, Nernst equation (no derivation), electrochemical cell - Galvanic cell, cell representation, EMF of cell - Numerical problems. Types of electrodes, reference electrodes - Primary reference electrode - Standard Hydrogen Electrode (SHE), Secondary reference electrode - Calomel electrode. Construction, working and determination of pH of unknown solution using SHE and Calomel electrode.

Corrosion: Introduction- Definition, causes and effects of corrosion – Theories of corrosion, chemical and electrochemical theories of corrosion, Types of corrosion: galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion - Nature of the metal, Nature of the corroding environment. Corrosion control methods - Cathodic protection Methods - Sacrificial anode and impressed current methods.

**UNIT-III: Energy sources: [8]**

Batteries: Introduction – Classification of batteries - Primary, secondary and reserve batteries with examples. Construction, working and applications of Zn-air and Lithium ion battery. Fuel Cells – Differences between a battery and a fuel cell, Construction and applications of Direct Methanol Fuel Cell (DMFC).

Fuels: Introduction and characteristics of a good fuel, Calorific value – Units - HCV, LCV- Dulong's formula - Numerical problems.

Fossil fuels: Introduction, Classification, Petroleum - Refining of Crude oil, Cracking - Types of cracking - Moving bed catalytic cracking. LPG and CNG composition and uses.

Synthetic Fuels: Fischer-Tropsch process, Introduction and applications of Hythane and Green Hydrogen.

#### **UNIT - IV: Polymers: [8]**

Definition - Classification of polymers: Based on origin and tacticity with examples – Types of polymerization - Addition (free radical addition mechanism) and condensation polymerization.

Plastics, Elastomers and Fibers: Definition and applications (PVC, Buna-S, Nylon-6,6). Differences between thermoplastics and thermo setting plastics, Fiber reinforced plastics (FRP).

Conducting polymers: Definition and Classification with examples - Mechanism of conduction in trans-poly-acetylene and applications of conducting polymers.

Biodegradable polymers: Polylactic acid and its applications.

#### **UNIT-V- Advanced Functional Materials: [8]**

Smart materials: Introduction, Classification with examples - Shape Memory Alloys – Nitinol, Piezoelectric materials - quartz and their engineering applications.

Biosensor - Definition, Amperometric Glucose monitor sensor.

Interpretative spectroscopic applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy for Analysis of pollutants in dye industry, IR spectroscopy in night vision-security, Pollution Under Control- CO sensor (Passive Infrared detection), Raman spectroscopy (application) - Tumour detection in medical applications.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Chemistry by P.C. Jain and M. Jain, Dhanpatrai Publishing Company, 2010.
2. Engineering Chemistry by Rama Devi, Dr. P. Aparna and Rath, Cengage learning, 2025.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Chemistry: by Thirumala Chary Laxminarayana & Shashikala, Pearson Publications (2020)
2. Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla, Dhanpatrai and Company (P) Ltd. Delhi 2011.
3. Engineering Chemistry by Shikha Agarwal, Cambridge University Press, Delhi 2015.
4. Engineering Analysis of Smart Material Systems by Donald J. Leo, Wiley, 2007.
5. Challenges and Opportunities in Green Hydrogen by Editors: Paramvir Singh, Avinash Kumar Agarwal, Anupma Thakur, R.K Sinha.
6. Raman Spectroscopy in Human Health and Biomedicine, <https://www.worldscientific.com/doi/epdf/10.1142/13094>
7. E-Content- <https://doi.org/10.1142/13094> | October 2023
8. E-books:  
<https://archive.org/details/EngineeringChemistryByShashiChawla/page/n11/mode/2u>

**CS203ES: PYTHON PROGRAMMING****B.Tech. I Year II Sem.****L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3****Prerequisites:** Basic knowledge of computer fundamentals, C programming.**Course Objectives:****Introduce the fundamentals of Python programming for problem-solving.**

1. Develop skills to write structured, modular, and efficient Python code.
2. Enable students to use Python's built-in data structures and libraries effectively.
3. Provide knowledge on file handling, exception handling, and object-oriented programming in Python.
4. Equip students with the ability to apply Python for real-world applications including data processing and automation.

**Course Outcomes:**

1. Write Python programs using variables, operators, expressions, and control structures.
2. Implement Python programs using built-in data structures like lists, tuples, sets, and dictionaries.
3. Apply modular and object-oriented programming principles in Python.
4. Handle files, exceptions, and apply Python libraries for problem-solving.
5. Develop small-scale applications in Python for automation and data manipulation.

**CO-PO Mapping**

CO → / PO ↓	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	1	3	1	0	0	2	2	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	1	0	0	2	2	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3	1	0	1	2	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	3	3	2	3

**UNIT-1 – Introduction to Python and Basics of Programming**

Introduction to Python: Features, Applications, Installation, IDEs, Python Syntax, Indentation, Comments, Variables, Data Types, Type Casting, Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Assignment, Membership, Identity, Bitwise, Input/Output functions (input(), print()), Control Structures: if, if-else, if-elif-else, Nested Conditions, Looping: for, while, Nested Loops, break, continue, pass.

**UNIT-2 – Data Structures in Python**

Strings: Creation, Indexing, Slicing, Methods, String Formatting, Lists: Creation, Indexing, Slicing, List Comprehension, Methods, Tuples: Properties, Indexing, Methods, Sets: Creation, Operations, Methods, Dictionaries: Creation, Access, Methods, Dictionary Comprehension, Iterating over data structures.

**UNIT-3 – Functions and Modules**

Functions: Defining, Calling, Parameters, Return Values, Types of Arguments: Positional, Keyword, Default, Variable Length, Scope of Variables: Local and Global, Lambda Functions, Map, Filter, Reduce, Recursion in Python, Modules: Importing, Creating User-defined Modules, Standard Modules (math, random, datetime), Packages in Python.

**UNIT-4 – File Handling and Exception Handling**

File Handling: Opening, Reading, Writing, Appending, File Modes, File Methods, Working with CSV

and JSON Files, Exception Handling: try, except, else, finally, Built-in Exceptions, Raising Exceptions, Introduction to Regular Expressions (re module).

#### **UNIT-5 – Object-Oriented Programming and Applications**

OOP Basics: Classes, Objects, Attributes, Methods, Constructor (`__init__`), self keyword, Inheritance: Single, Multiple, Multilevel, Hierarchical, Method Overriding, Method Overloading (conceptual), Encapsulation and Polymorphism, Application Development: Data Processing Script, Basic Calculator, File Organizer, Simple Data Analysis with pandas.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Python Programming: Using Problem Solving Approach by Reema Thareja.
2. Python Crash Course by Eric Matthes, Learning Python by Mark Lutz.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Introduction to Python Programming by Gowrishankar S., Veena A.
2. Python Cookbook by David Beazley and Brian K. Jones.
3. Fluent Python by Luciano Ramalho, Automate the Boring Stuff with Python by Al Sweigart.

**B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Prerequisites:** A course on “Programming for Problem Solving**Course Objectives**

- Exploring basic data structures such as stacks and queues.
- Introduces a variety of data structures such as hash tables, search trees, tries, heaps, graphs.
- Introduces sorting and pattern matching algorithms.

**Course Outcomes**

CO1: Apply the concepts of linear data structures such as linked lists, stacks, and queues to solve computational problems.

CO2: Construct and manipulate various types of trees including binary trees, BSTs, AVL, Red-Black, and Splay trees for efficient data organization and retrieval.

CO3: Implement multi-way search trees, heaps, and advanced searching techniques to optimize storage and retrieval operations.

CO4: Represent, traverse, and analyze graphs using suitable algorithms, and apply efficient sorting techniques for data ordering.

CO5: Demonstrate the use of hashing techniques, collision resolution strategies, and file organization methods for effective data storage and access.

**UNIT – I**

Introduction to Data Structures: Basic Terminology, Classification of Data Structures, Operation on Data Structures, abstract data types, selecting a Data Structure, Linear list – Introduction, singly linked list, Circular Linked Lists, Doubly Linked List, Stacks- Operations, Stack algorithm, Stack ADT, Stack applications, Queues- operations, Queue Algorithm, Queue ADT, Queue Applications.

**UNIT - II**

Trees: Introduction, Types of Trees, creating a Binary Tree from a General Tree, traversing a Binary Tree, Binary Search Trees (BST), BST Operations- Searching, Insertion and Deletion, BST ADT, BST Applications, Threaded Binary Trees, AVL Trees, Red -Black Trees, Splay Trees

**UNIT – III**

Multi way Search Trees: Introduction, B Trees, B Trees ADT, 2-3 Trees, 2-3- Tree, B\* Tree, B+ Trees  
Heaps: Binary Heaps, Binomial heaps, Fibonacci heaps, Comparison of Various Heaps, Applications  
Searching: Introduction, Interpolation Search, Jump search

**UNIT - IV**

Graphs: Introduction, Directed Graphs, Bi connected Components, Representation of Graphs, Graph Traversal Algorithms, Graph ADT, Applications of Graphs  
Sorting: Radix Sort, Heap sort, Shell Sort, Tree Sort,

**UNIT – V**

Hashing and Collision: Introduction, Hash Tables, Hash Functions, Different Hash Functions: Division Method, Multiplication Method, Mid-square Method, Folding Method; collisions: Collision Resolution by Open Addressing, Collision Resolution by Chaining  
Files and their Organization: Introduction, Data hierarchy, File Attributes, Text and Binary Files, Basic File Operations, File Organization, Indexing

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B.A.Forouzan, Cengage Learning
2. Data Structure using C- Reema Thareja, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press.

**REFERENCE:**

1. Data Structures using C - A. S.Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M.J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

**EE205ES: NETWORK ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS****B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Course Objectives:**

1. To understand the basic concepts on RLC circuits.
2. To know the behavior of the steady state and transient states in RLC circuits.
3. To understand the two port network parameters.
4. Learn the design concepts of various filters and attenuators

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. CO1: Analyze network topologies and magnetically coupled circuits using concepts of cut-set and tie-set matrices, self/mutual inductances, and ideal transformers.
2. CO2: Examine the transient and steady-state responses of RC, RL, and RLC circuits under different excitations and determine resonance, damping, and frequency response characteristics.
3. CO3: Evaluate two-port network parameters, network functions, and impedance characteristics, and design attenuators and impedance matching networks.
4. CO4: Design and analyze different types of filters, attenuators, and equalizers for signal processing applications.
5. CO5: Synthesize networks using driving point and transfer functions, apply Foster and Cauer forms for RC, RL, and LC functions, and validate positive real functions and Hurwitz conditions.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	3	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	2	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1

**UNIT - I**

**Network Topology:** Basic cutset and tie set matrices for planar networks, Magnetic Circuits, Self and Mutual inductances, dot convention, impedance, reactance concept, Impedance transformation and coupled circuits, co-efficient of coupling, equivalent T for Magnetically coupled circuits, Ideal Transformer.

**UNIT - II**

**Transient and Steady state analysis:** RC, RL and RLC Circuits, Sinusoidal, Step and Square responses. RC Circuits as integrator and differentiators. 2<sup>nd</sup> order series and parallel RLC Circuits, Root locus, damping factor, over damped, under damped, critically damped cases, quality factor and bandwidth for series and parallel resonance, resonance curves.

**UNIT - III**

**Two port network parameters:** Z, Y, ABCD, h and g parameters, Characteristic impedance, Image transfer constant, image and iterative impedance, network function, driving point and transfer functions – using transformed (S) variables, Poles and Zeros. Standard T,  $\pi$ , L Sections, Characteristic impedance, image transfer constants, Design of Attenuators, impedance matching network.

**UNIT-IV**

**Filters:** Classification of Filters, Filter Networks, Constant-K Filters-Low pass, high pass, Band pass, band-stop filters, M-derived Filters- T and  $\pi$  filters- Low pass, high pass

**Attenuators:** Types – T,  $\pi$ , L, Bridge T and lattice, Asymmetrical Attenuators T,  $\pi$ , L Equalizers-Types- Series, Shunt, Constant resistance, bridge T attenuation, bridge T phase, Lattice attenuation, lattice Phase equalizers

**UNIT – V**

**Network Synthesis:** Driving point impedance and admittance, transfer impedance and admittance, network functions of Ladder and non ladder networks, Poles, Zeros analysis of network functions, Hurwitz polynomials, Positive Real Functions, synthesis of LC, RC and RL Functions by foster and causer methods.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Van Valkenburg -Network Analysis, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Pearson, 216.
2. JD Ryder - Networks, Lines and Fields, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., PHI, 1999.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. J. Edminister and M. Nahvi - Electric Circuits, Schaum's Outlines, Mc Graw Hills Education, 1999.
2. A. Sudhakar and Shyammohan S Palli - Networks & Circuits, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Tata McGraw- Hill Publications
3. William Hayt and Jack E. Kimmerley - Engineering Circuit Analysis, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., William Hayt and Jack E. Kimmerley, McGraw Hill Company

**CH206BS: ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB****B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

**Course Description:** The course includes experiments based on fundamental principles of chemistry essential for engineering students, aiming to develop practical skills and reinforce theoretical concepts.

**Course Objectives**

1. Students will understand and perform experiments based on core chemical principles relevant to engineering applications.
2. Students will learn to estimate the hardness of water to assess its suitability for drinking purposes.
3. Students will acquire the ability to perform acid-base titrations using instrumental methods such as conductometry, potentiometry, and pH metry.
4. Students will gain hands-on experience in synthesizing polymers like Bakelite and Nylon - 6, 6 in the laboratory.
5. Students will learn to determine the unknown concentration of potassium permanganate (KMnO<sub>4</sub>) using a calibration curve.

**Course Outcomes:**

1. Students will develop practical skills through hands-on chemistry experiments relevant to engineering.
2. Students will learn to determine important parameters such as water hardness and the corrosion rate of mild steel under various conditions.
3. Students will be able to apply techniques like conductometry, potentiometry, and pH metry to determine concentrations or equivalence points in acid-base reactions.
4. Students will gain experience in synthesizing polymers such as Bakelite and Nylon-6,6.
5. Students will understand the working principle of colorimetry and the relationship between absorbance and concentration (Beer-Lambert Law).

**List of Experiments:**

- I. Volumetric Analysis:** Estimation of Hardness of water by EDTA Complexometry method.
- II. Conductometry:**
  1. Estimation of the concentration of strong acid by Conductometry.
  2. Estimation of the concentration of strong and weak acid in an acid mixture by Conductometry.
- III. Potentiometry:**
  1. Estimation of concentration of Fe<sup>+2</sup>ion by Potentiometry using KMnO<sub>4</sub>.
  2. Estimation of concentration of strong acid with strong base by Potentiometry using quinhydrone
- IV. pH Metry:** Determination of an acid concentration using pH meter.
- V. Colorimetry:** Verification of Lambert-Beer's law using KMnO<sub>4</sub>.
- VI. Preparations:**
  1. Preparation of Bakelite.
  2. Preparation Nylon - 6, 6.
- VII. Corrosion:** Determination of rate of corrosion of mild steel in the presence and absence of inhibitor.
- VIII. Virtual lab experiments:**
  1. Construction of Fuel cell and it's working.
  2. Smart materials for Biomedical applications
  3. Batteries for electrical vehicles.
  4. Functioning of solar cell and its applications.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Lab manual for Engineering chemistry by B. Ramadevi and P. Aparna, S Chand Publications, New Delhi (2022)
2. Vogel's text book of practical organic chemistry 5th edition
3. Inorganic Quantitative analysis by A.I. Vogel, ELBS Publications.
4. College Practical Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia, Narosa Publications Ltd. New Delhi (2007).

**EC207ES: APPLIED PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB****I Year B.Tech. II Sem****L T P C**  
**0 0 2 1****Course Outcomes:** Upon completing this course, the students will be able to

CO1: Install and configure Python, essential libraries, and development environments for scientific computing and data analysis.

CO2: Develop Python programs using functions, strings, numerical libraries (NumPy, SciPy), and visualization tools (Pyplot) to solve computational problems.

CO3: Apply Python programming to perform mathematical operations such as matrix computations, statistical analysis, curve fitting, and data visualization.

CO4: Install and configure operating systems on Raspberry Pi and interface it with peripheral devices using Python-based GPIO programming.

CO5: Collect, process, and analyze sensor data using Raspberry Pi, demonstrating integration of software and hardware for real-time applications.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	1
CO2	2	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	1
CO3	2	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	1
CO4	2	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	1
CO5	2	3	2	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	1

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:****Cycle - 1**

1. Downloading and Installing Python and Modules
  - a) Python 3 on Linux  
Follow the instructions given in the URL <https://docs.python-guide.org/starting/install3/linux/>
  - b) Python 3 on Windows  
Follow the instructions given in the URL <https://docs.python.org/3/using/windows.html>  
(Please remember that Windows installation of Python is harder!)
  - c) pip3 on Windows and Linux  
Install the Python package installer by following the instructions given in the URL <https://www.activestate.com/resources/quick-reads/how-to-install-and-use-pip3/>
  - d) Installing numpy and scipy  
You can install any python3 package using the command `pip3 install <packagename>`
  - e) Installing jupyterlab  
Install from pip using the command `pip install jupyterlab`
2. Introduction to Python3
  - a) Printing your biodata on the screen
  - b) Printing all the primes less than a given number
  - c) Finding all the factors of a number and show whether it is a *perfect* number, i.e., the sum of all its factors (excluding the number itself) is equal to the number itself
3. Defining and Using Functions
  - a) Write a function to read data from a file and display it on the screen
  - b) Define a boolean function *is palindrome*(<input>)
  - c) Write a function *collatz(x)* which does the following: if *x* is odd,  $x = 3x + 1$ ; if *x* is even, then  $x = x/2$ . Return the number of steps it takes for  $x = 1$
  - d) Write a function  $N(m, s) = \exp(-(x-m)^2/(2s^2))/\sqrt{2\pi}s$  that computes the Normal distribution
4. The package numpy
  - a) Creating a matrix of given order  $m \times n$  containing *random numbers* in the range 1 to 99999
  - b) Write a program that adds, subtracts and multiplies two matrices. Provide an interface such that, based on the prompt, the function (addition, subtraction, multiplication) should be performed
  - c) Write a program to solve a system of  $n$  linear equations in  $n$  variables using matrix

5. The package scipy and pyplot
  - a) Finding if two sets of data have the same *mean* value
  - b) Plotting data read from a file
  - c) Fitting a function through a set a data points using *polyfit* function
  - d) Plotting a histogram of a given data set
6. The strings package
  - a) Read text from a file and print the number of lines, words and characters
  - b) Read text from a file and return a list of all *n* letter words beginning with a vowel
  - c) Finding a secret message hidden in a paragraph of text
  - d) Plot a histogram of words according to their length from text read from a file

### Cycle -2

7. Installing OS on Raspberry Pi
  - a) Installation using Pilmager
  - b) Installation using image file
    - Downloading an Image
    - Writing the image to an SD card
      - using Linux
      - using Windows
    - Booting up

Follow the instructions given in the URL  
<https://www.raspberrypi.com/documentation/computers/getting-started.html>
8. Accessing GPIO pins using Python
  - a) Installing GPIO Zero library.  
First, update your repositories list:  
*sudo apt update*  
Then install the package for Python 3:  
*sudo apt install python3-gpiozero*
  - b) Blinking an LED connected to one of the GPIO pin
  - c) Adjusting the brightness of an LED
  - d) Adjust the brightness of an LED (0 to 100, where 100 means maximum brightness) using the in-built PWM wavelength.
9. Collecting Sensor Data
  - a) DHT Sensor interface
    - Connect the terminals of DHT GPIO pins of Raspberry Pi.
    - Import the DHT library using *import Adafruit\_DHT*
    - Read sensor data and display it on screen.

**CS208ES: DATA STRUCTURES LAB****B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

**Prerequisites:** 1. A Course on "Programming for problem solving".**Course Objectives:**

1. It covers various concepts of C programming language
2. It introduces searching and sorting algorithms
3. It provides an understanding of data structures such as stacks and queues.

**Course Outcomes:**

CO1: Implement and manipulate linear data structures such as singly, doubly, and circular linked lists using functions.

CO2: Develop programs for stack and queue operations using arrays and Abstract Data Types (ADT).

CO3: Apply and compare different sorting techniques (Radix, Heap, Shell, Tree) for ordering data.

CO4: Construct and traverse hierarchical and graph-based data structures including BST, B/B+ Trees, AVL, Red-Black Trees, and graph traversal methods.

CO5: Demonstrate the use of hashing techniques and collision resolution strategies for efficient data storage and retrieval.

**List of Experiments**

1. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.:
  - i) Creation
  - ii) Insertion
  - iii) Deletion
  - iv) Traversal
2. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on doubly linked list.:
  - i) Creation
  - ii) Insertion
  - iii) Deletion
  - iv) Traversal
3. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on circular linked list.:
  - i) Creation
  - ii) Insertion
  - iii) Deletion
  - iv) Traversal
4. Write a program that implement stack (its operations) using
  - i) Arrays
  - ii) ADT
5. Write a program that implement Queue (its operations) using
  - i) Arrays
  - ii) ADT
6. Write a program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order
  - i) Radix Sort, ii) Heap sort, iii) Shell Sort, iv) Tree Sort
7. Write a program to implement the tree traversal methods (Recursive and Non-Recursive).
8. Write a program to implement
  - i) Binary Search tree
  - ii) B Trees
  - iii) B+ Trees
  - iv) AVL trees
  - v) Red - Black trees
9. Write a program to implement the graph traversal methods.
10. Write a program to implement the following Hash Functions: i) Division Method, ii) Multiplication Method, iii) Mid-square Method, iv) Folding Method

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed, Universities Press.
2. Data Structures using C - A. S. Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, and M. J. Augenstein, PHI/Pearson Education.

**REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, R. F. Gilberg and B. A. Forouzan, Cengage Learning.

**EC209ES: ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB****B.Tech. I Year I Sem.****L T P C**  
**0 0 2 1****Prerequisites:** Introduction to Basic Electrical Engineering.**Course Objectives:**

- To measure the electrical parameters for different types of DC and AC circuits using conventional and theorems approach.
- To study the transient response of various R, L and C circuits using different excitations.
- To determine the performance of different types of DC, AC machines and Transformers.

**Course Outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

CO1: Verify basic electrical circuit laws and theorems such as KVL, KCL, Thevenin's, Norton's, and Superposition.

CO2: Analyze the transient and steady-state response of RL, RC, and RLC circuits under DC and AC excitations, including resonance conditions.

CO3: Evaluate the performance of single-phase transformers through measurement of voltage, current, power, efficiency, and regulation.

CO4: Demonstrate the performance and characteristics of electrical machines including DC shunt motors, three-phase induction motors, and synchronous generators.

CO5: Measure active and reactive power in three-phase circuits and validate practical results through experimental observations.

Course Objectives	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
To measure the electrical parameters for different types of DC and AC circuits using conventional and theorems approach	3	2	1		2	0	0	1	2	0	1	2
To study the transient response of various R, L and C circuits using different excitations	3	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	2	0	1	1
To determine the performance of different types of DC, AC machines and Transformers	3	2	0		3	0	0	0	1	2	1	1

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	2
CO2	3	2	1	0	3	1	0	1	1	2	1	2
CO3	3	2	1	1	3	2	0	0	1	0	2	2
CO4	3	2	1	0	3	1	0	1	1	2	1	2
CO5	3	2	1	0	3	1	0	1	1	2	1	2

**List of experiments/demonstrations:****PART- A (compulsory)**

1. Verification of KVL and KCL
2. Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's theorem
3. Transient Response of Series RL and RC circuits for DC excitation
4. Resonance in series RLC circuit
5. Calculations and Verification of Impedance and Current of RLC series and Parallel AC circuits
6. Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of a Single-Phase Transformer
7. Performance Characteristics of a DC Shunt Motor
8. Torque-Speed Characteristics of a Three-phase Induction Motor.

**PART-B (any two experiments from the given list)**

1. Verification of Superposition theorem.
2. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)
3. Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in a balanced Three-phase circuit
4. No-Load Characteristics of a Three-phase Alternator

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2019.
2. MS Naidu and S Kamakshaiah, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2008.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. P. Ramana, M. Suryakalavathi, G.T. Chandrasheker," Basic Electrical Engineering", S. Chand, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2019.
2. D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009
3. M. S. Sukhija, T. K. Nagsarkar, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Oxford, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2012.
4. Abhijit Chakrabarthy, Sudipta Debnath, Chandan Kumar Chanda, "Basic Electrical Engineering", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2021.
5. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
6. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
7. V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989.

**ME210ES: ENGINEERING WORKSHOP****B.Tech. I Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

**Prerequisites:** Practical skill**Course Objectives:**

1. To introduce students to basic manufacturing processes and workshop practices.
2. To provide hands-on training in carpentry, fitting, welding, sheet metal, and machining
3. To develop skills in using hand tools and measuring instruments.
4. To enhance safety awareness and proper handling of workshop equipment.
5. To build a foundational understanding of industrial production and fabrication.

**Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand the basic manufacturing processes and operations.
2. Use hand tools and equipment safely and efficiently.
3. Perform basic operations in carpentry, fitting, welding, sheet metal work, and machining
4. Read and interpret workshop drawings
5. Develop teamwork, time management, and quality awareness in a workshop environment.

**1. TRADES FOR EXERCISES:** At least two exercises from each trade:

- i. **Carpentry:** T- Lap Joint, Dovetail Joint, Mortise and Tenon Joint
- ii. **Fitting:** V- Fit, Dovetail Fit and Semi- circular fit
- iii. **Tin Smithy:** Square Tin, Rectangular Tray and Conical Funnel
- iv. **Foundry:** Preparation of Green Sand Mould using Single Piece and Split Pattern
- v. **Welding Practice:** Arc Welding and Gas Welding
- vi. **House wiring:** Parallel and Series, Two-way Switch and Tube Light
- vii. **Black Smithy:** Round to Square, Fan Hook and S- Hook

**2. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION AND EXPOSURE:** Plumbing, Machine Shop, Metal Cutting (Water Plasma), Power tools in construction and Wood Working**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Workshop Practice, B. L. Juneja, Cengage Learning India, 1st edition, 2015.
2. Workshop Practice Manual, K. Venkata Reddy, BS Publication, 6th Edition, Rpt.2025.

**REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Workshop Manual, K. Venugopal, Anuradha Publications, 2012th edition, 2012.

**EC301PC: PROBABILITY THEORY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Pre-requisite:** Mathematics**Course Objectives:**

1. This gives basic understanding of random variables and operations that can be performed on them.
2. To know the Spectral and temporal characteristics of Random Process.
3. To Learn the Basic concepts of Information theory Noise sources and its representation for understanding its characteristics.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Explain the fundamental concepts of probability, random variables, and standard probability distributions (Binomial, Poisson, Gaussian, etc.).

CO2: Apply operations on single and multiple random variables to compute expectations, moments, and transformations.

CO3: Analyze the temporal characteristics of random processes, including stationarity, ergodicity, autocorrelation, and cross-correlation.

CO4: Evaluate spectral characteristics of random processes and establish the relationship between correlation functions and power spectral density.

CO5: Apply statistical models of noise in communication systems to determine noise power, noise figure, and system performance under noise.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**UNIT - I**

**Probability:** Probability introduced through Sets and Relative Frequency: Experiments and Sample Spaces, Discrete and Continuous Sample Spaces, Events, Probability Definitions and Axioms, Joint Probability, Conditional Probability, Total Probability, Bay's Theorem, Independent Events.

**Random Variables-** Definition, Conditions for a Function to be a Random Variable, Discrete, Continuous and Mixed Random Variable, Distribution and Density functions, Properties, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Gaussian, Exponential, Rayleigh, Methods of defining Conditioning Event, Conditional Distribution, Conditional Density and their Properties.

**UNIT - II****Operations on single Random Variable**

Expected Value of a Random Variable, Function of a Random Variable, Moments about the Origin, Central Moments, Variance and Skew, Chebychev's Inequality, Characteristic Function, Moment Generating Function, Transformations of a Random Variable - Monotonic and Non-monotonic Transformations of Continuous and Discrete Random Variable, Computer generation of a Random Variable of a given PDF/CDF.

**UNIT - III**

**Multiple random variables and Operations on Multiple random variables:** Vector Random Variables, Joint Distribution Function and its Properties, Marginal Distribution Functions, Conditional Distribution and Density- Point and Interval conditioning, Statistical Independence, Sum of Two and more Random Variables, Central Limit Theorem, Equal and Unequal Distribution (Proof not expected).

Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables- Joint Moments about the Origin, Joint Central Moments, Joint Characteristic Functions, Jointly Gaussian Random Variables: Two Random Variables case, N Random Variable case, Properties, Transformations of Multiple Random Variables, Linear Transformations of Gaussian Random Variables.

**UNIT IV**

**Random processes – Temporal characteristics:** The Random Process Concept, Classification of Processes, Deterministic and Nondeterministic Processes, Distribution and Density Functions, concept of Stationarity and Statistical Independence. First-Order Stationary Processes, Second-Order and Wide- Sense Stationarity, (N-Order) and Strict-Sense Stationarity, Time Averages and Ergodicity, Mean- Ergodic Processes, Correlation-Ergodic Processes, Autocorrelation Function and Its Properties, Cross- Correlation Function and Its Properties, Covariance Functions, Gaussian Random Processes, Poisson Random Process. Random Signal Response of Linear Systems: System Response – Convolution, Mean and Mean-squared Value of System Response, autocorrelation Function of Response, Cross-Correlation Functions of Input and Output.

**UNIT V**

**Random processes – Spectral characteristics:** The Power Spectrum: Properties, Relationship between Power Spectrum and Autocorrelation Function, The Cross-Power Density Spectrum, Properties, Relationship between Cross-Power Spectrum and Cross-Correlation Function. Spectral Characteristics of System Response: Power Density Spectrum of Response, Cross-Power Density Spectrums of Input and Output.

**Noise sources:** Resistive / Thermal Noise Source, Arbitrary Noise Sources, Effective Noise Temperature, Noise equivalent bandwidth, Average Noise Figures, Average Noise Figure of cascaded networks, Narrow Band noise, Quadrature representation of narrow band noise & its properties.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Peyton Z. Peebles - Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles - TMH, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition
2. Murray R Spiegel, John Schiller, R Alu Srinivasan. - Probability and Statistics - Schaum's Outlines, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH

**REFERENCES:**

1. P Ramesh Babu - Probability Theory and Random Processes - McGraw Hill Education
2. Athanasios Papoulis and S. Unnikrishna Pillai - Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes – McGraw Hill Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition
3. K. N. Hari Bhat, K. Anitha Sheela and Jayant Ganguly - Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes for Engineers - Pearson, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2011
4. Taub and Schilling - Principles of Communication systems by (TMH), 2008
5. Y Mallikarjuna Reddy - Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, University Press

**EC302PC: SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.****L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3****Pre-Requisites:** Mathematics**Course Objectives:** This subject gives the basics of Signals and Systems required for all Electrical Engineering related courses. The objectives of this subject are to:

1. Classify signals and systems and their analysis in time and frequency domains.
2. Study the concepts of distortion less transmission through LTI Systems, convolution and correlation properties.
3. Understand Laplace and Z-transforms their properties for analysis of signals and systems.
4. Identify the need for sampling of CT signals, types and merits and demerits of each type.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. **Apply vector and orthogonal function concepts** to analyze and classify different types of signals and systems using fundamental mathematical tools.
2. **Analyze signals in frequency domain** using Fourier Series and Fourier Transform, and apply their properties for spectral representation of signals.
3. **Evaluate signal transmission through linear systems** by using convolution, transfer functions, and frequency response to study filtering and distortionless transmission.
4. **Apply Laplace and Z-Transforms** for system analysis, stability study, and establish relationships with Fourier Transform to solve engineering problems in continuous and discrete-time domains.
5. **Examine signal correlation and sampling concepts** to determine spectral characteristics, detect signals in noise, and reconstruct signals without aliasing.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**UNIT - I****Signal Analysis**

Analogy between Vectors and Signals, Orthogonal Signal Space, Signal approximation using Orthogonal functions, Mean Square Error, Closed or complete set of Orthogonal functions, Orthogonality in Complex functions, Classification of Signals and systems, Exponential and Sinusoidal signals, Concepts of Impulse function, Unit Step function, Signum function.

**UNIT - II**

**Fourier series:** Representation of Fourier series, Continuous time periodic signals, Properties of Fourier Series, Dirichlet's conditions, Trigonometric Fourier Series and Exponential Fourier Series, Complex Fourier spectrum.

**Fourier Transforms:** Deriving Fourier Transform from Fourier series, Fourier Transform of arbitrary signal, Fourier Transform of standard signals, Fourier Transform of Periodic Signals, Properties of Fourier Transform, Fourier Transforms involving Impulse function and Signum function, Introduction to Hilbert Transform.

**UNIT - III**

**Signal Transmission through Linear Systems:** Linear System, Impulse response, Response of a Linear System, Concept of convolution in Time domain and Frequency domain, Graphical representation of Convolution. Extraction of Signal from Noise by Filtering. Linear Time Invariant (LTI) System, Linear Time Variant (LTV) System, Transfer function of a LTI System, Filter characteristic of Linear System, Distortion less transmission through a system, Signal bandwidth, System Bandwidth, Ideal LPF, HPF, and BPF characteristics, Causality and Paley-Wiener criterion for physical realization, Relationship between Bandwidth and risetime. Extraction of Signal from Noise by Filtering.

**UNIT - IV**

**Laplace Transforms:** Laplace Transforms (L.T), Inverse Laplace Transform, Concept of Region of Convergence (ROC) for Laplace Transforms, Properties of L.T, Relation between L.T and F.T of a signal, Laplace Transform of certain signals using waveform synthesis.

**Correlation:** Auto Correlation and Cross Correlation Functions, Relation between Convolution and Correlation, Properties of Correlation Functions, Energy Density Spectrum, Power Density Spectrum, Relation between Autocorrelation Function and Energy/Power Spectral Density Function, Parseval's Theorem, Detection of Periodic Signals in the presence of Noise by Correlation.

**UNIT - V**

**Sampling theorem:** Graphical and analytical proof of Sampling Theorem for Base band/Band Limited and Band Pass Signals, Types of Sampling: Impulse Sampling, Natural and Flattop Sampling, Reconstruction of signal from its samples, Effect of under sampling – Aliasing,

**Z-Transforms:** Concept of Z- Transform of a Discrete Sequence, Distinction between Laplace, Fourier and Z Transforms, Region of Convergence in Z-Transform, Constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Inverse Z-transform, Properties of Z-transforms.

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Signals, Systems & Communications -B.P. Lathi, BS Publications.
2. Signals and Systems - Allan. V. Oppenheim, Allan. S. Willsky with S. Hamid. Nawab, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. Pearson.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Signals and Systems-Simon Haykin, Barry Van Veen, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Wiley.
2. Signals and Systems - A. Rama Krishna Rao, 2008, TMH.
3. Fundamentals of Signals and Systems - Michel J. Roberts, Govind Sharma, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., MGH.
4. Signals, Systems and Transforms - Charles. L. Philips, John M. Parr and Eve A. Riskin, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2004, Pearson, Prentice Hall.

**EC303PC: ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.****L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3**

**Course Overview:** This course introduces fundamental semiconductor devices and their behavior, including diodes, BJTs, and FETs. It covers their characteristics, applications, and the analysis of basic electronic circuits. The course also explores rectifiers, voltage regulation, amplifier design, and advanced semiconductor technologies like FinFETs and CNTFETs. Emphasis is placed on developing a strong foundation for analog circuit design and understanding modern device technologies in electronics.

**Course Outcomes:** By the end of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Analyze the electrical characteristics and models of semiconductor diodes and apply them in rectifier and clipping circuits.

CO2: Evaluate the operation and configurations of Bipolar Junction Transistors (BJTs) and analyze their input and output characteristics.

CO3: Design appropriate biasing networks for BJTs and determine the operating point for amplifier applications.

CO4: Analyze transistor amplifier circuits using h-parameter models and assess performance for various configurations.

CO5: Analyze the structure, working, and characteristics of JFETs, MOSFETs, and advanced devices like FinFETs and CNTFETs, and compare modern device technologies.

**Course Articulation Matrix**

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	2

**Syllabus:****UNIT - I:**

**Diode Characteristics and Applications:** PN junction diode - I-V characteristics, Diode resistance and capacitance, Diode models (Ideal, Simplified, Piecewise Linear), Rectifiers – Half-wave, Full-wave (Center-tap and bridge), Capacitor filter for rectifiers, Clippers and clampers, Zener diode - I-V characteristics and voltage regulation.

**UNIT - II:**

**Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT):** Structure and working principle of BJT, Current components and transistor action, Configurations: Common Base (CB), Common Emitter (CE), Common Collector (CC), Input and output characteristics.

**UNIT - III:**

**BJT Biasing:** Need for biasing and stabilization, Load line and operating point, Biasing techniques: Fixed bias, Collector-to-base bias, Voltage divider bias, Stability factors and thermal runaway

**UNIT - IV:**

**Transistor Amplifiers:** Transistor as a small-signal amplifier, Determination of h-parameters from transistor characteristics. h-parameter equivalent circuit, CE, CB, CC amplifier analysis using h-parameters, Approximate CE model - with and without emitter bypass capacitor.

**UNIT - V:**

**Special Purpose Diodes:** Principle of Operation of – SCR, Tunnel Diode, Varactor Diode, Photo Diode, Solar Cell, LED and Schottky Diode

**Field Effect Transistors and Advanced Devices:** JFET: Structure, operation, and characteristics, MOSFET: Enhancement and Depletion modes – Structure, operation, and characteristics, Advanced Devices: FinFETs - 3D structure, Scaling advantages, CNTFETs - Structure, ballistic transport, fabrication, Comparison: CMOS vs. FinFET vs. CNTFET.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Millman, Jacob, and Christos C. Halkias. *Electronic Devices and Circuits*. Tata McGraw-Hill, 1991.
2. Boylestad, Robert L., and Louis Nashelsky. *Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory*. Pearson, 11th ed., 2013.
3. Sedra, Adel S., and Kenneth C. Smith. *Microelectronic Circuits*. Oxford University Press, 7th ed., 2014.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Bell, David A. *Electronic Devices and Circuits*. Oxford University Press, 5th ed., 2008.
2. Neamen, Donald A. *Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design*. McGraw-Hill, 2nd ed., 2001.
3. Salivahanan, S., and N. Suresh Kumar. *Electronic Devices and Circuits*. McGraw-Hill Education, 4th ed., 2017.
4. Razavi, Behzad. *Fundamentals of Microelectronics*. Wiley, 2nd ed., 2013.
5. Taur, Yuan, and Tak H. Ning. *Fundamentals of Modern VLSI Devices*. Cambridge University Press, 2nd ed., 2009.

**EC304PC: DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Course Overview**

This course introduces students to the fundamental principles of digital logic design. Starting from Boolean algebra and its simplification techniques, it covers the formal analysis and design of combinational and sequential circuits. Additionally, the course addresses memory elements and programmable logic devices, which are essential building blocks for complex digital systems.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completion, students will be able to:

**CO1:** Apply Boolean algebra and minimization techniques to simplify Boolean functions.

**CO2:** Design combinational circuits using logic gates.

**CO3:** Analyze latches and flip-flops to design sequential logic circuits.

**CO4:** Construct synchronous sequential circuits combining flip-flops and logic gates.

**CO5:** Utilize programmable logic devices in digital system design.

**Course Articulation Matrix**

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO2</b>	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO4</b>	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO5</b>	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2

**UNIT – I:**

**Number Systems:** Binary, Octal, Decimal, Hexadecimal, Fixed-point and Floating-point Number Representations, Complements of Numbers: 1's and 2's Complement, Error Detection and Correction Codes: Parity Check, Hamming Code.

**Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates:** Axiomatic definitions, basic theorems and properties, Boolean Functions: Canonical and standard forms, Digital Logic Gates Overview.

**UNIT - II:**

**Gate-Level Minimization Techniques:** Karnaugh maps: 2, 3, and 4 variables, Sum-of-products (SOP) and product-of-sums (POS) simplification, Don't care conditions, Implementation using NAND and NOR gates.

**UNIT - III:**

**Combinational Logic Circuits:** Analysis and design procedures, Binary adder-subtractor and BCD adder, magnitude comparator, decoders, encoders, multiplexers and demultiplexers.

**UNIT - IV:**

**Sequential Logic Circuits:** Gated latches, Flip-flops: Clocked S-R, D, T, JK, Master-Slave JK, Design of synchronous and asynchronous counters, Shift registers: types and applications.

**UNIT - V:**

**Synchronous Sequential Logic** Moore and Mealy state machines, State diagrams, state tables, and state reduction, Case studies: sequence detector, traffic light controller, vending machine.

**Programmable Logic Devices:** Memory devices - RAM, ROM, Programmable Logic Arrays (PLA), Programmable Array Logic (PAL)

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. M. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, *Digital Design with an Introduction to the Verilog HDL*, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education/PHI, 2017.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Ronald J. Tocci, Neal S. Widmer, Gregory L. Moss, *Digital Systems: Principles and Applications*, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education.
2. Charles H. Roth Jr., Larry L. Kinney, *Fundamentals of Logic Design*, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Cengage Learning.

**EC305PC: CONTROL SYSTEMS****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Pre-Requisites:** Linear Algebra and Calculus, Ordinary Differential Equations and Multivariable Calculus Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods and Complex variables

**Course Objectives:**

1. To introduce the fundamental concepts, classifications, and mathematical modeling of control systems for mechanical and electrical domains.
2. To analyze control system behaviour in time and frequency domains and stability criteria using root locus, Bode plot, Nyquist plot, etc.
3. Design and evaluate compensators and controllers to improve system performance.
4. Explain state-space representation, solution of state equations, and assess system controllability and observability.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completion of this Course, the students will be able to:

1. Describe open- and closed-loop systems, and develop mathematical models using block diagrams and signal flow graphs.
2. Analyze time response of second-order systems using time-domain specifications, and assess stability using Routh-Hurwitz criterion and root locus techniques.
3. Analyse frequency response plots including Bode, Polar, and Nyquist plots, and investigate system stability.
4. Design compensators and controllers to meet specific performance criteria in control systems.
5. Apply the state-variable approach and analyze controllability and observability.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

**UNIT - I**

**Control System fundamentals:** Classification of control systems, Open and Closed loop systems. Mathematical modelling of mechanical systems and their conversion into electrical systems. Block diagram reduction and Signal flow graphs.

**UNIT - II**

**Time response Analysis:** Transfer function and Impulse response, types of input. Transient response of second order system for step input. Time domain specifications. Types of systems, static error coefficients, Routh - Hurwitz criterion for stability.

**Root locus techniques:** Analysis of typical systems using root locus techniques. Effect of location of roots on system response.

**UNIT - III**

**Frequency response Analysis:** Frequency domain specifications, bode plots, Gain margin and Phase Margin. Polar plot, Nyquist plot, and Nyquist criterion for stability.

**UNIT - IV**

**Compensators and controllers:** Introduction to compensators, Lag compensator, Lead

compensator, Lag- Lead compensator, Design of compensators using bode plot. Introduction to controllers, P, I, D, PI, PD, PID controllers.

**UNIT - V**

**State space representation:** Concept of state and state variables. State models of linear time invariant systems, State transition matrix, Solution of state equations. Controllability and observability.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. I.J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, Control System Engineering, 5ed., New Age Publishers, 2009.
2. Benjamin C. Kuo, Automatic Control Systems, 7ed., PHI, 2010.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, 2ed., Prentice Hall, 2010.
2. M. Gopal, Control Systems: Principles and Design, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1997.
3. Norman S. Nise, Control Systems Engineering, 5ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
4. A.K. Jairath, Solutions and Problems of Control Systems, CBS Publishers, 2013.
5. A. Nagoor Kani, Control Systems, 2ed., RBA Publications, 2007.

**MS306HS: INNOVATION AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

**Course Objectives:**

1. To familiarize on the basic concepts of innovation, entrepreneurship and its importance.
2. To Identify and analyze the process of problem-opportunity identification, market segmentation, and idea generation techniques.
3. To initiate prototype development and understand minimum viable product.
4. To develop initial Business and financial planning and Go-to-Market strategies
5. To impart knowledge on establishing startups, venture pitching and IPR

**Course Outcomes:**

1. Understand the entrepreneurship and the entrepreneurial process and its significance in economic development.
2. Assess the problem from an industry perspective and generate solutions using the design thinking principles.
3. Assess market competition, estimate market size, and develop a prototype.
4. Analyze Business and financial planning models and Go-to-Market strategies.
5. Able to build a start-up, register IP and identify funding opportunities.

**Unit I: Fundamentals of Innovation and Entrepreneurship**

Innovation: Introduction, need for innovation, Features, Types of innovations, innovations in manufacturing and service sectors, fostering a culture of innovation, planning for innovation.

Entrepreneurship: Introduction, types of entrepreneurship attributes, mindset of entrepreneurial and intrapreneurial leadership, Role of entrepreneurs in economic development. Woman Entrepreneurship, Importance of on-campus startups. Understanding to build entrepreneurial mindset, attributes and networks individuals while on campus.

Core Teaching Tool: Simulation, Game, Industry Case Studies (Personalized for students – 16 industries to choose from), Venture Activity.

**Unit II: Problem and Customer Identification**

Identification of gap, problem, analyzing the problem from a industry perspective, real-world problems, market and customer segmentation, validation of customer problem fit, Iterating problem-customer fit, Competition and Industry trends mapping and assessing initial opportunity, Porter's Five Force Model. Idea generation, Ideation techniques: Brainstorming, Brain writing, Round robin, and SCAMPER, Design thinking principles, Mapping of solution to problem.

Core Teaching Tool: Several types of activities including: Class, game, Gen AI, 'Get out of the Building' and Venture Activity.

**Unit III: Opportunity assessment and Prototype development**

Identify and map global competitors, review industry trends, and understand market sizing: TAM, SAM, and SOM. Assessing scope and potential scale for the opportunity.

Understanding prototyping and Minimum Viable Product (MVP). Developing a prototype: Testing, and validation.

Core Teaching Tool: Venture Activity, no-code Innovation tools, Class activity

**Unit IV: Business & Financial Models**

Introduction to Business Model and types, Lean Canvas Approach: 9-block lean canvas model, building lean canvas for your startup. Business planning: components of Business plan- Sales plan, People plan and financial plan, Financial Planning: Types of costs, preparing a financial plan for profitability using a financial template, understanding the basics of Unit economics, Economies of Scale and analyzing financial performance. Go-To-Market (GTM) approach – Selecting the Right

Channel, creating digital presence, and building customer acquisition strategy.

Core Teaching Tool: Founder Case Studies - Sama and Securely Share; Class activity and discussions; Venture Activities.

### **Unit V: Startups and IPR**

Startup requirements, building founding team members and mentors, pitch preparation, start-up registration process, funding opportunities and schemes, institutional support to entrepreneurs, startup lifecycle, documentation, legal aspects in startup, venture pitching readiness, National Innovation Startup Policy (NISP) and its features.

Patents, Designs, Patentability, Procedure for grants of patents. Indian Scenario of Patenting, International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Copyright, trademark, and GI. Licensing and transfer of technology.

Core Teaching Tool: Expert talks; Cases; Class activity and discussions; Venture Activities.

### **Suggested Readings:**

1. John R Bessant, Joe Tidd, Innovation and Entrepreneurship, 4E, Wiley, Latest Edition.
2. Ajay Batra, The Startup Launch Book- A Practical Guide for Launching Customer Centric Ventures, Wiley, 2020. (For Core Teaching Tool).
3. Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprises, Poornima M Charantimath, 3E, Pearson, 2018.
4. D.F. Kuratko and T.V. Rao, Entrepreneurship: A South-Asian Perspective, Cengage Learning, 2013.
5. Robert D. Hisrich, Michael P. Peters, Dean A. Shepherd, Sabyasachi Sinha (2020). Entrepreneurship, McGrawHill, 11th Edition.
6. NISP -[Brochure inside pages - startup\\_policy\\_2019.pdf](#)

**EC307PC: MODELLING & SIMULATIONLAB****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

**Note:**

- All the experiments are to be simulated using MATLAB or equivalent software
- Minimum of 12 experiments are to be completed / simulated.

**Course Outcomes (COs):** By the end of this course, students will be able to:

1. **Generate and analyze standard and non-standard signals** using waveform synthesis, and perform operations such as addition, scaling, shifting, folding, energy, and power computation.
2. **Implement Fourier, Laplace, and Z-Transform techniques** to obtain and interpret the magnitude, phase spectrum, and pole-zero plots of signals and systems.
3. **Analyze and verify the properties of linear systems** (LTI, stability, realizability) through convolution, correlation, impulse, and sinusoidal responses using coding/simulation.
4. **Develop and simulate random variables and stochastic processes** (Gaussian noise, PDF, CDF, auto/cross correlation, sampling theorem) to study noise behavior and signal recovery.
5. **Design and simulate control system models** (DC motor, PID controller, controllability/observability) using MATLAB/Simulink or equivalent tools for system performance evaluation.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	1	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	1	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	1	-
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	1	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	3	1	-

**List of Experiments:****Signals and Systems (Minimum 7 Experiments)**

1. Write the code / script for generating various standard viz: Periodic and Aperiodic, Unit Impulse, Unit Step, Square, Saw tooth, Triangular, Sinusoidal, Ramp, Sinc and Nonstandard Signals and Sequences generated from these standard signals /sequences using Waveform synthesis. Also for perform different operations viz: Addition, Multiplication, Scaling, Shifting, Folding, Computation of Energy and Average Power on them.
2. Write the code / script for finding the Even and Odd parts of Signal / Sequence and Real and Imaginary parts of Signal.
3. Write the code / script for finding the output of a System for a given input and Impulse Response and finding Auto Correlation and Cross Correlation of Signals / sequences
4. Write the code / script for Verifying whether a given Continuous/Discrete System is Linear, Time Invariant, Stable and Physically Realizable
5. Write the code / script for obtaining Sinusoidal response and Impulse response of a given Continuous / Discrete LTI System.
  - a) Plot the Real and Imaginary part and
  - b) Magnitude and Phase Plot of the response
6. Write the code / script for finding and plotting the Magnitude and Phase Spectrum of any given Signal by finding its Fourier Transform by using the properties where ever required.
7. Write the code / script for finding and plotting the Magnitude and Phase Spectrum of any given Signal by finding its Laplace Transform by using the properties where ever required. Also plot pole-zero diagram in S-plane
8. Write the code/ script for finding and plotting the Magnitude and Phase Spectrum of any given Sequence by finding its Z-Transform by using the properties wherever required. Also plot pole – zero diagram in Z-plane
9. Design a Simulink or equivalent model for
  - a) Solving Differential Equations
  - b) Finding the response of any RLC Circuit with different initial Conditions for AC and DC inputs and plot the corresponding responses

10. Gibbs Phenomenon and waveform synthesis

**Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes (Minimum 3 Experiments)**

11. Write the code / script for generating various Random Variables with different CDFs/ PDFs
12. Write the code / script for generating Gaussian noise and for finding its mean, Skewness, Kurtosis, PDF and PSD.
13. Write the code / script for Verifying Sampling theorem for different sampling rates, Sampling types and Duty Cycles and for plotting the sampled and reconstructed Signals.
14. Write the code / script for Removal of noise from the signal using Cross correlation.
15. Write the code / script for Extraction of Periodic Signal masked by noise using Auto Correlation

**Control Systems (Minimum 2 Experiments)**

16. Build and Simulate a DC Motor using Simulink
17. Implementation of a PID Controller from equations using Simulink
18. Controllability and Observability

Note: For the experiments with code/scripts written in MATLAB or equivalent (1-8, 11-15), the student can design a user interface or app using MATLAB App Designer or equivalent.

**Application on Real Time signals**

1. Application of Autocorrelation: GPS Synchronization Satellite communication toolbox is required for this experiment.

Generate the GPS signal. Visualize the GPS signal. Plot of autocorrelation of C/A code and visualize the spectrum of GPS signals. For exact steps, go through the following page:

<https://www.mathworks.com/help/satcom/ug/gps-waveform-generation.html>

2. Sampling of Speech Signals

Record and play speech in MATLAB. For steps, go through the following page:

[https://in.mathworks.com/help/matlab/import\\_export/record-and-play-audio.html](https://in.mathworks.com/help/matlab/import_export/record-and-play-audio.html)

Change the sampling rate of the recorded speech signal and play back to see the effect of aliasing. For steps, go through the following page:

<https://in.mathworks.com/help/signal/ug/changing-signal-sample-rate.html>

**EC308PC: ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

**Course Overview:**

This laboratory course aims to provide hands-on experience and simulation-based learning of semiconductor devices and basic electronic circuits. Students will analyze the characteristics and applications of diodes, BJTs, and FETs, design rectifiers and amplifiers, and simulate modern electronic circuits using software tools. The course bridges theoretical concepts with practical implementation, developing foundational skills essential for analog electronics and circuit analysis.

**Course Outcomes (COs):** By the end of this course, students will be able to:

**CO1:** Analyze the I-V characteristics of semiconductor devices such as diodes, BJTs, and FETs.

**CO2:** Design and evaluate basic rectifier, clipper, clamper, and voltage regulation circuits.

**CO3:** Demonstrate biasing techniques for BJTs and determine their operating point using DC load line analysis.

**CO4:** Design and analyze transistor amplifier circuits in various configurations using h-parameter models.

**CO5:** Simulate and interpret electronic circuits using appropriate simulation tools.

**Course Articulation Matrix**

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO2</b>	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO4</b>	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO5</b>	2	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2

**List of Experiments****A. Hardware-Based Experiments (7):**

1. Study the I-V characteristics of a PN junction diode in forward and reverse bias to determine cut-in voltage and dynamic resistance.
2. Examine the reverse bias characteristics of a Zener diode and demonstrate its application as a voltage regulator under varying conditions.
3. Design and analyze half-wave and full-wave rectifiers (center-tap and bridge) with and without capacitor filters to evaluate ripple factor and output voltage.
4. Implement clipper and clamper circuits to observe waveform shaping through positive, negative, and biased configurations.
5. Plot the input and output characteristics of a BJT in common emitter configuration to determine input/output resistance and current gain.
6. Design and test fixed bias and voltage divider bias circuits to establish a stable operating point for a BJT amplifier and study DC load line behavior.
7. Construct and analyze a Common Base (CB) configuration of a BJT to study input-output characteristics and determine current gain ( $\alpha$ ) and input/output resistance.

**B. Software-Based Simulation Experiments (7):**

1. Simulate a full-wave bridge rectifier with capacitor filter to analyze waveform smoothing and ripple reduction in DC power supply design.
2. Simulate a Zener diode-based voltage regulator to study voltage stabilization against varying supply voltages and load resistances.

3. Simulate a common emitter amplifier with and without emitter bypass capacitor to analyze the effect on voltage gain and signal amplification.
4. Simulate BJT operation as a switch and small-signal amplifier to understand its dual functionality in digital and analog applications.
5. Simulate the output and transfer characteristics of a JFET to determine parameters such as pinch-off voltage, drain resistance, and transconductance.
6. Simulate the characteristics of a MOSFET and design a CMOS inverter to study digital switching behavior and low-power logic design.
7. Simulate the transfer and output characteristics of an enhancement-mode NMOS transistor to analyze threshold voltage, drain current, and switching behavior.

**Hardware Requirements:**

1. Regulated DC Power Supply (0-30V)
2. Function Generator
3. Digital Multimeter
4. Cathode Ray Oscilloscope (CRO) or DSO
5. Breadboards and Connecting Wires
6. Resistors, Capacitors, Diodes (1N4007, Zener Diodes)
7. BJTs (e.g., BC107, 2N2222), JFETs (e.g., J201), MOSFETs (e.g., IRF540N)
8. Trainer Kits (optional but preferred for ease)

**Software Requirements (Any one of the listed tools or equivalent):**

1. LTSpice (Free from Analog Devices)
2. NI Multisim (Academic License or Student Version)
3. Proteus Design Suite (Simulation and PCB Design)
4. TINA-TI (Free from Texas Instruments)
5. PSPICE for TI or OrCAD Lite
6. Windows PC or Laptop with minimum 4GB RAM and i3 processor or better

**EC309PC: DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN LAB****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

**Course Overview**

This laboratory course provides hands-on experience with the design, analysis, and simulation of digital circuits. Students begin by constructing and testing basic digital components using logic gate ICs, covering Boolean minimization, arithmetic circuits, code converters, and combinational building blocks. The second part focuses on implementing equivalent and advanced designs using Verilog HDL, exploring various modeling styles—dataflow, behavioral, and structural—along with simulation tools. The course emphasizes both foundational logic principles and modern digital system development practices.

**Course Outcomes (COs):** After completing this course, students will be able to:

**CO1:** Analyze and simplify Boolean expressions and implement them using logic gates and ICs.

**CO2:** Design and realize combinational and sequential logic circuits using logic gate hardware.

**CO3:** Model digital systems in Verilog HDL using dataflow, behavioral, and structural styles.

**CO4:** Simulate and verify digital designs using industry-standard EDA tools and testbenches.

**CO5:** Build modular and hierarchical designs such as counters, FSMs, and shift registers.

**Course Articulation Matrix:**

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO2</b>	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2
<b>CO4</b>	2	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2
<b>CO5</b>	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2

**List of Experiments****A. Realization in Hardware Laboratory (Using Logic ICs)**

These are fundamental hands-on experiments conducted using logic ICs such as AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR gates, flip-flops, multiplexers, and decoders.

1. Realize and minimize Boolean functions using basic gates and universal gates (NAND/NOR) in SOP/POS form.
2. Design and implement Half Adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, and Full Subtractor using logic gates.
3. Construct and analyze basic logic gates (AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR) using only NAND and NOR gates.
4. Design and implement parity bit generators (even and odd) and a 4-input majority logic circuit.
5. Design and implement code converters such as Binary to Gray, Gray to Binary, and BCD to Excess-3 using gates.
6. Design and implement simple combinational circuits: 2-to-1 multiplexer, 1-bit comparator, and 7-segment decoder logic.

**B. Verilog HDL-Based Digital Design Experiments (Simulation-Based)**

These experiments are implemented using **Verilog HDL** with different modeling styles (dataflow, behavioral, structural) and simulated using tools like **Vivado, ModelSim, or Xilinx ISE**.

1. Design and simulate a 2-bit comparator using dataflow modeling; extend it to 4-bit using structural modeling.
2. Implement a 2:1 multiplexer using dataflow modeling and design an 8:1 multiplexer using structural modeling.

3. Design a 2-to-4 decoder using dataflow modeling and realize a 3-to-8 decoder using structural modeling.
4. Implement a given Boolean function using a decoder-based approach in behavioural modeling.
5. Design and simulate a universal n-bit shift register (left, right, hold, parallel load) using behavioural modeling.
6. Design a synchronous MOD-n counter using behavioural modeling with D or JK flip-flops.
7. Design and simulate an asynchronous (ripple) counter for a custom sequence using structural modeling.
8. Implement a sequence detector for a given binary pattern using FSM (Moore/Mealy) in behavioural modeling.

#### Required Hardware (for Hardware Lab Experiments)

Component	Description
Digital Trainer Kit	Breadboard with power supply and clock generator
Logic ICs	7400 (NAND), 7402 (NOR), 7408 (AND), 7432 (OR), 7486 (XOR), 7404 (NOT), etc.
Flip-Flop ICs	7474 (D Flip-Flop), 7476 (JK Flip-Flop)
MUX/Decoder ICs	74153, 74138, 74139
LEDs, switches, connecting wires	For I/O interface and testing

#### Required Software Tools (for Verilog HDL Experiments) (Any one of the tool below)

Software	Purpose
Xilinx Vivado	HDL simulation and synthesis (preferred tool)
ModelSim	Verilog simulation and waveform analysis
Xilinx ISE	Legacy support for simulation and FPGA design

**VA300ES: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE****B.Tech. II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
1	0	0	1

**Course Objectives:**

1. Understand the components, structure, and functions of ecosystems and their relevance to human society.
2. Comprehend classification, sustainable management, and challenges of natural resources including water, minerals, land, forests, and energy.
3. Grasp the significance, value, and conservation approaches for biodiversity, including threats and legislative frameworks.
4. Analyze types, sources, and impacts of environmental pollution, and learn technological and policy measures for pollution prevention and control.
5. Develop awareness about global environmental challenges, international agreements, and the role of policy, law, and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) in sustainable development.

**Course Outcomes:**

1. Understand the structure, function, and significance of ecosystems, including energy flow, biogeochemical cycles, and biodiversity conservation through field experiences.
2. Analyze the classification, utilization, and sustainable management of natural resources, along with alternative energy options.
3. Evaluate biodiversity at genetic, species, and ecosystem levels, its values, threats, and conservation methods under national and international frameworks.
4. Identify types, sources, and impacts of environmental pollution, and apply suitable control technologies while assessing global environmental challenges and protocols.
5. Interpret environmental policies, legislation, and the EIA process to propose management plans addressing contemporary environmental and sustainability issues.

**UNIT - I**

**Ecosystems:** Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Bio magnification, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity, Field visits.

**UNIT - II**

**Natural Resources: Classification of Resources:** Living and Non-Living resources, **water resources:** use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Mineral resources:** use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, **Land resources:** Forest resources, **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

**UNIT - III**

**Biodiversity and Biotic Resources:** Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

**UNIT - IV**

**Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies: Environmental Pollution:** Classification of pollution, **Air Pollution:** Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. **Water pollution:** Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. **Soil Pollution:** Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil.

**Noise Pollution:** Sources and Health hazards, standards, **Solid waste:** Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. **Pollution control technologies:** Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary. Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation. **Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts:** Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol. NAPCC-Gol Initiatives.

#### **UNIT - V**

**Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA:** Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act-1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio- economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan(EMP). Contemporary Environmental Issues Climate change; Sustainable development goals (SDGs); Global environmental challenges; Environmental policies and international agreements.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS. Publications.
2. Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.
3. Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4th Edition, New age international publishers.
5. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology - Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications.

**MA401BS: NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPLEX VARIABLES****B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

**Pre-requisites:** Mathematics courses of first year of study.**Course Objectives:** To learn

1. Expressing periodic function by Fourier series and a non-periodic function by Fourier transforms
2. Various numerical methods to find roots of polynomial and transcendental equations.
3. Concept of finite differences and to estimate the value for the given data using interpolation.
4. Evaluation of integrals using numerical techniques
5. Solving ordinary differential equations of first order using numerical techniques.
6. Differentiation and integration of complex valued functions.
7. Evaluation of integrals using Cauchy's integral formula and Cauchy's residue theorem.
8. Expansion of complex functions using Taylor's and Laurent's series.

**Course outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper, the student must be able to

1. Express any periodic function in terms of sine and cosine.
2. Find the root of a given polynomial and transcendental equations.
3. Estimate the value for the given data using interpolation
4. Find the numerical solutions for a given first order ODE's
5. Analyze the complex function with reference to their analyticity, integration using Cauchy's integral and residue theorems and Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions in complex function.

**UNIT-I: Fourier Series & Fourier Transforms****8 L**

Fourier series – Dirichlet's Conditions – Half-range Fourier series – Fourier Transforms: Fourier Integral Theorem (Only statements), Fourier Sine and Cosine transforms (Elementary illustrations)

**UNIT-II: Numerical Methods-I****10 L**

Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations: Bisection method - Iteration Method - Newton-Raphson method and Regula-Falsi method. Finite differences: forward differences – backward differences – central differences – symbolic relations – Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae - Lagrange's method of interpolation.

**UNIT-III: Numerical Methods-II****10 L**

Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule - Simpson's 1/3<sup>rd</sup> and 3/8<sup>th</sup> rules.

Ordinary differential equations: Taylor's series - Euler's method - Runge-Kutta method of fourth order for first order ODE.

**UNIT-IV: Complex Differentiation****10 L**

Differentiation of Complex functions – Analyticity – Cauchy-Riemann equations (without proof) – Harmonic Functions - Finding harmonic conjugate - Milne-Thomson method - Elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties.

**UNIT-V: Complex Integration****10 L**

Line integral – Cauchy's theorem – Cauchy's Integral formula – Zeros of analytic functions – Singularities - Taylor's series - Laurent's series. Residues - Cauchy Residue theorem (All theorems without Proof).

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.

2. S.S. Sastry, Introductory methods of numerical analysis, PHI, 4th Edition, 2005.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Murray R. Spiegel, Ph.D., Seymour Lipschutz, Ph.D., John J. Schiller, Ph.D., Dennis Spellman, Ph.D., Complex Variables (Schaum's outline).
2. M. K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar, R.K. Jain, Numerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computations, New Age International publishers.
3. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
4. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2004.

**EC402PC: ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS AND TRANSMISSION LINES****B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Pre-requisite:** Mathematics**Course Objectives:**

1. To learn the Basic Laws, Concepts and proofs related to Electrostatic Fields and Magneto static Fields and apply them to solve physics and engineering problems.
2. To distinguish between static and time-varying fields and understand the significance and utility of Maxwell's Equations and Boundary Conditions, and gain ability to provide solutions to communication engineering problems.
3. To analyze the characteristics of Uniform Plane Waves (UPW), determine their propagation parameters and estimate the same for dielectric and dissipative media.
4. To analyze the propagation of waves in transmission line and able to solve transmission line problem using Smith Chart.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

1. Apply vector calculus and electrostatic laws to analyze electric fields, potentials, charge distributions, capacitance, and dielectric properties.
2. Analyze magnetostatic fields using Biot-Savart's law, Ampere's law, Maxwell's equations, and evaluate magnetic forces and potentials.
3. Interpret time-varying electromagnetic fields by applying Faraday's law, displacement current, Maxwell's equations, and boundary conditions across material interfaces.
4. Examine EM wave characteristics in different media by analyzing wave equations, propagation, polarization, reflection, refraction, skin depth, and power flow using Poynting theorem.
5. Evaluate transmission line parameters and characteristics including impedance, propagation constant, attenuation, reflections, VSWR, impedance matching, and Smith chart applications for practical communication systems.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
CO3	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
CO4	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
CO5	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-

**UNIT I – Electrostatics**

Review of Coordinate Systems & Vector Calculus, Coulomb's Law, Electric Field Intensity – Fields due to Different Charge Distributions, Electric Flux Density, Gauss Law and its applications, Electric Potential, Relation between E and V, Maxwell's Equations for Electrostatic Fields, Energy Density, Convection and Conduction Currents, Dielectric Constant, Isotropic and Homogeneous Dielectrics, Continuity Equation, Relaxation Time, Poisson's and Laplace's Equations, Capacitors-Parallel Plate, Coaxial, Spherical.

**UNIT II - Magnetostatics**

Biot-Savart's Law, Ampere's Circuit Law and its applications, Magnetic Flux Density, Maxwell's equations for Magnetostatic Fields, Magnetic Scalar and Vector Potentials, Forces due to Magnetic Fields, Ampere's Force Law.

**UNIT III - Maxwell's Equations (Time Varying Fields)**

Faraday's Law, Transformer and Motional EMF, Inconsistency in Ampere's Law and Displacement Current Density, Maxwell's Equations in Differential, Integral and Phasor form.

Electric and magnetic Boundary Conditions (Dielectric - Dielectric, Conductor- Dielectric, Conductor-Free Space interfaces).

**UNIT IV - EM Wave Characteristics**

Wave Equations for Conducting and Perfect Dielectric Media, Uniform Plane Waves-Definitions,

Relation between E&H, Wave Propagation in Lossless and Conducting Media, Conductors & Dielectrics – Characterization, Wave Propagation in Good Conductors and Good Dielectrics, Skin Depth, Surface Impedance, Wave Polarization. Poynting Vector and Poynting Theorem. Reflection and Refraction of Plane Waves – Normal and Oblique Incidences for both Perfect Conductor and Perfect Dielectrics, Brewster Angle, Critical Angle and Total Internal Reflection,

#### **UNIT V Transmission Lines**

Types, Parameters, Equivalent Circuit, Transmission Line Equations, Primary & Secondary Constants, Expressions for Characteristic Impedance, Propagation Constant, Phase and Group Velocities, Infinite Line Concepts, Lossless Lines, Types of Distortions, condition for Distortion less transmission lines, Minimum Attenuation, Loading – Types of Loading, Input Impedance, SC and OC Lines, Reflection Coefficient, VSWR, Impedance Transformations -  $\lambda/4$ ,  $\lambda/2$ ,  $\lambda/8$  Lines, Smith Chart- Configuration and Applications, Single Stub Matching.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Engineering Electromagnetics – William H. Hayt Jr. and John A. Buck, 8th Ed., McGrawHill, 2014
2. Principles of Electromagnetics - Matthew N.O. Sadiku and S.V. Kulkarni, 6th Ed., Oxford University Press, Asian Edition, 2015.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems-E.C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain, 2nd Ed., PHI, 2000.
2. Engineering Electromagnetics – Nathan Ida, 2nd Ed., Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
3. Electromagnetic Field Theory Fundamentals - Bhag Singh Guru and Huseyin R. Hiziroglu, Cambridge University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2006.

**EC403PC: ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS****B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Pre-requisite: Signals and Systems****Course Objectives:**

1. To develop ability to analyze system requirements of analog and digital communication systems.
2. To understand the generation, detection of various analog and digital modulation techniques.
3. To acquire theoretical knowledge of each block in AM, FM transmitters and receivers.
4. To understand the concepts of baseband transmissions.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Analyze and compare analog modulation techniques (AM, DSB-SC, SSB, VSB, FM, PM) in terms of generation, detection, spectra, bandwidth, and noise performance.
2. Explain the operation of transmitters and receivers (AM/FM superheterodyne, stereo FM, noise analysis, threshold effects) and distinguish between analog and pulse modulation schemes (PAM, PWM, PPM, TDM, FDM).
3. Apply detection and estimation theory to evaluate receiver performance in noisy environments using correlators, matched filters, line coding schemes, and ISI mitigation techniques.
4. Demonstrate digital modulation techniques (PCM, DPCM, DM, BPSK, QPSK, QAM, M-ary schemes) with emphasis on constellation diagrams, bandwidth efficiency, power spectra, and error performance.
5. Apply principles of information and coding theory to compute entropy, mutual information, channel capacity, and design source and channel coding schemes (Huffman, Shannon-Fano, block codes, cyclic codes) for efficient and reliable communication.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	3	3	1	-	3	2	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	1	-	3	2	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-

**UNIT - I****Amplitude Modulation**

Need for modulation, Amplitude Modulation: Time and frequency domain description, Generation – Switching modulator, Detection - Envelope detector, DSB-SC Modulation: Generation – Balanced Modulator, Detection- Synchronous detector, COSTAS Loop, SSB Modulation: Time and frequency domain description, Generation – Phase discrimination Method and Demodulation - coherent detection, Vestigial side band modulation and demodulation.

**Angle Modulation**

Basic concepts of Phase Modulation, Frequency Modulation: Single tone frequency modulation, Spectrum Analysis, Carson's Rule, Generation of FM Waves- Armstrong Method, Detection of FM Waves - Phase locked loop, Comparison of FM and AM.

**UNIT - II****Transmitters & Receivers**

Classification of Transmitters, AM Transmitters, FM Transmitters, AM Receiver - Super heterodyne receiver, FM Receivers, Stereo FM multiplex reception, Comparison of AM and FM Receiver.Pre-emphasis, and de-emphasis

**Pulse Modulation**

Types of Pulse modulation-PAM, PWM and PPM, Comparison of FDM and TDM.

**UNIT - III**

**Detection and Estimation:** Model of Digital Communication Systems, Geometric Interpretation of Signals, Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization, Response of Bank of correlators to Noisy Input, Detection

of Known Signals in Noise, Probability of error, Optimum Receivers Using Coherent Detection: Matched filter Receiver and its Properties, Correlation receiver, Detection of signals with unknown Phase in Noise

**Base Band Shaping for Data Transmission:** Requirements of a line encoding format, various line encoding formats- Unipolar, Polar, Bipolar, Discrete PAM signals, Inter symbol interference, Nyquist's criterion, Eye pattern.

#### **UNIT - IV**

##### **Digital Modulation Techniques:**

PCM Generation and Reconstruction, Quantization Noise, Non-Uniform Quantization and Companding, DPCM, DM and Adaptive DM, Noise in PCM and DM.

Digital Modulation formats, Coherent binary modulation techniques (BPSK, BFSK), Coherent quadrature modulation techniques (QPSK), Non-Coherent binary modulation techniques (BFSK, DPSK), QAM.

#### **UNIT - V**

Information theory: Entropy, Information rate, Mutual information, Channel capacity of discrete channel, Shannon-Hartley law; Trade-off between bandwidth and SNR.

Source coding - Huffman coding, Shannon Fano coding, Channel coding - Linear block codes and cyclic codes.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Electronics Communication Systems-Fundamentals through Advanced-Wayne Tomasi, 5th Edition, PHI, 2009.
2. Digital and Analog Communication System - K. Sam Shanmugam, Wiley, 2019.
3. Principles of Communication Systems - Herbert Taub, Donald L Schilling, Goutam Saha, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2008.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Electronic Communications - Dennis Roddy and John Coolean, 4th Edition, PEA, 2004
2. Electronics & Communication System - George Kennedy and Bernard Davis, TMH, 2004
3. Communication System - Simon Haykin and Michael Moher, Wiley, 5th edition, 2022

**EC404PC: ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS****B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Course Overview:**

The Electronic Circuit Analysis course provides foundational and advanced knowledge in the design and analysis of analog electronic circuits. This includes the study of multistage amplifiers, feedback amplifiers, oscillators, power amplifiers, and multivibrators. Emphasis is placed on frequency response, feedback theory, transistor behavior at high frequencies, and waveform generation techniques. The course equips students with the necessary analytical and practical skills required in analog circuit design and communication systems.

**Course Outcomes (COs):** By the end of this course, students will be able to:

**CO1:** Analyze and classify multistage amplifier configurations and determine the impact of coupling schemes on amplifier performance and frequency response.

**CO2:** Apply the hybrid- $n$  transistor model to evaluate high-frequency behavior of common-emitter amplifiers and calculate gain-bandwidth product.

**CO3:** Examine feedback amplifier types and assess the influence of negative feedback on gain stability, bandwidth, and distortion.

**CO4:** Design and analyze LC, RC, and crystal oscillators based on the Barkhausen criterion to generate sinusoidal waveforms.

**CO5:** Design power amplifiers and multivibrator circuits, and evaluate their performance in terms of efficiency, distortion, and waveform generation.

**Course Articulation Matrix:**

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
<b>CO2</b>	3	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	3	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1
<b>CO4</b>	3	3	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
<b>CO5</b>	3	3	3	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1

**UNIT - I:**

**Multistage Amplifiers:** Classification of Amplifiers, Distortion in Amplifiers, Coupling schemes: RC, Transformer, Direct coupling, Frequency response of multistage amplifiers, Transistor configuration choice in cascade amplifiers, Cascade and Cascode amplifiers, Darlington pair amplifier.

**High-Frequency Transistor Model:** Hybrid- $n$  model, Hybrid- $n$  parameters: Conductances and capacitances, CE short-circuit current gain, Gain with resistive load and gain-bandwidth product

**UNIT - II:**

**Feedback Amplifiers:** Concept and need for feedback in amplifiers, Types and classification of feedback amplifiers, Characteristics of negative feedback: Gain stability, bandwidth, noise, distortion, Voltage series, Voltage shunt, Current series, Current shunt configurations.

**UNIT - III:**

**Oscillators:** Principle of positive feedback, Barkhausen Criterion for oscillations, LC Oscillators: Generalized analysis, Hartley, Colpitts, RC Oscillators: RC phase shift, Wien bridge, Crystal oscillator: Working and advantages

**UNIT - IV:**

**Power Amplifiers:** Classification: Class A, B, AB, C, Series-fed Class A amplifier, Transformer-coupled Class A amplifier, Class B amplifier: Push-pull, Complementary symmetry, Efficiency calculations and Crossover distortion.

**UNIT - V:**

**Multivibrators:** Analysis and design of Bistable, Monostable and Astable multivibrators and Schmitt Trigger using transistors.

**Time Base Generators:** General features of a time base signal, methods of generating time base waveform, Miller and Bootstrap time base generators, Linearity improvement techniques

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Millman, Jacob, and Christos C. Halkias. *Electronic Devices and Circuits*. McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
2. Bell, David A. *Electronic Devices and Circuits*. Oxford University Press, 2008.
3. Sedra, Adel S., and Kenneth C. Smith. *Microelectronic Circuits*. 7th ed., Oxford University Press, 2015.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Boylestad, Robert L., and Louis Nashelsky. *Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory*. 11th ed., Pearson Education, 2013.
2. Millman, Jacob, and Arvin Grabel. *Microelectronics*. 2nd ed., McGraw-Hill, 1987.
3. Malvino, Albert Paul. *Electronic Principles*. 7th ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2007.
4. Millman, Jacob, and Herbert Taub. *Pulse, Digital, and Switching Waveforms*. McGraw-Hill Education, 1991.

**EC405PC: LINEAR AND DIGITAL IC APPLICATIONS****B.Tech. II Year II Sem.**

<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

**Pre-requisite:** Switching Theory and Logic Design.**Course Objectives:** The main objectives of the course are:

1. To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
2. To introduce the theory and applications of analog multipliers and PLL.
3. To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce some special function ICs.
4. To understand and implement the working of basic digital circuits.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

1. Analyze the characteristics and applications of operational amplifiers by designing inverting, non-inverting, differential amplifiers, active filters, waveform generators, comparators, and voltage regulators.
2. Demonstrate the operation of IC555 and IC565 for timer, waveform generation, and phase-locked loop applications in signal processing and communication circuits.
3. Evaluate and compare DAC and ADC architectures (R-2R ladder, weighted resistor, flash, successive approximation, dual slope) with emphasis on conversion techniques and performance specifications.
4. Design and implement combinational logic circuits using TTL and CMOS ICs (encoders, decoders, multiplexers, adders, comparators, code converters) for digital system applications.
5. Analyze sequential logic circuits and memory devices including flip-flops, counters, shift registers, ROM, RAM, and apply them in designing basic digital systems.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**UNIT - I****Operational Amplifier**

Ideal and Practical Op-Amp Characteristics, Features of 741 Op- Amp, Modes of Operation - Inverting, Non-Inverting, Differential, Instrumentation Amplifier, AC Amplifier, Differentiators and Integrators, Comparators, Schmitt Trigger, Introduction to Voltage Regulators, Features of 723 Regulator, Three Terminal Voltage Regulators.

**UNIT - II****Op-Amp, IC-555 & IC565 Applications**

Introduction to Active Filters, Characteristics of Band pass, Band reject and All Pass Filters, Analysis of 1st order LPF & HPF Butterworth Filters, Waveform Generators – Triangular, Sawtooth, Square Wave, IC555 Timer - Functional Diagram, Monostable and Astable Operations, Applications, IC565 PLL - Block Schematic, principle and Applications.

**UNIT - III****Data Converters**

Introduction, Basic DAC techniques, Different types of DACs-Weighted resistor DAC, R-2Rladder DAC, Inverted R-2R DAC, Different Types of ADCs - Parallel Comparator Type ADC, Counter Type ADC, Successive Approximation ADC and Dual Slope ADC, DAC and ADC Specifications.

**UNIT - IV****Combinational Logic ICs**

Specifications and Applications of TTL-74XX & CMOS 40XX Series ICs - Code Converters, Decoders, LED & LCD Decoders with Drivers, Encoders, Priority Encoders, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Priority Generators/Checkers, Parallel Binary Adder/Subtractor, Magnitude Comparators.

**UNIT - V**

**Sequential Logic IC's and Memories**

Familiarity with commonly available 74XX & CMOS40XX Series ICs- All Types of Flip-flops, Synchronous Counters, Decade Counters, Shift Registers.

Memories - ROM Architecture, Types of ROMS & Applications, RAM Architecture, Static & Dynamic RAMs.

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Op-Amps & Linear ICs- Ramakanth A. Gayakwad, PHI, 2003.
2. Digital Fundamentals -Floydand Jain, Pearson Education,8<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2005.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Linear Integrated Circuits -D. Roy Chowdhury, New Age International (p) Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup>Ed., 2003.
2. Digital Design Principles and Practices-John. F. Wakerly, Pearson 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., 2009.
3. Linear Integrated Circuits and Applications - Salivahana, TMH, 2008.
4. OperationalAmplifierswithLinearIntegratedCircuits,4<sup>th</sup> Ed., William D. Stanley, Pearson Education India, 2009.

**MA406PC: COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS LAB  
(Using Python/MATLAB software)**

B.Tech. II Year II Sem.

**L T P C  
0 0 2 1**

**Pre-requisites:** Matrices, Iterative methods and ordinary differential equations

**Course Objectives:** To learn

1. Solve problems of Eigen values and Eigen Vectors using Python/MATLAB.
2. Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations using Python/MATLAB
3. Solve problems of Linear system of equations
4. Solve problems of First-Order ODEs Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients

**Course outcomes:** After learning the contents of this paper, the student must be able to

1. Implement numerical algorithms to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors (real and complex) of matrices for mathematical and engineering applications.
2. Apply iterative methods (Bisection and Newton-Raphson) to determine roots of algebraic and transcendental equations with accuracy.
3. Solve systems of linear equations using Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel iteration methods and analyze convergence properties.
4. Formulate and solve first-order differential equations (exact, non-exact) and model real-life problems such as exponential growth/decay and Newton's law of cooling using computational methods.
5. Develop computational solutions for higher-order linear differential equations with constant coefficients for homogeneous and non-homogeneous cases.

**\* Visualize all solutions Graphically through programmes**

**UNIT - I: Eigen values and Eigenvectors:**

6P

**Programs:**

- Finding real and complex Eigen values.
- Finding Eigen vectors.

**UNIT-II: Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations**

6P

Bisection method, Newton Raphson Method

**Programs:**

- Root of a given equation using Bisection method.
- Root of a given equation Newton Raphson Method.

**UNIT-III: Linear system of equations:**

6P

Jacobi's iteration method and Gauss-Seidal iteration method

**Programs:**

- Solution of given system of linear equations using Jacobi's method
- Solution of given system of linear equations using Gauss-Seidal method

**UNIT-IV: First-Order ODEs**

8P

Exact and non-exact equations, Applications: exponential growth/decay, Newton's law of cooling.

**Programs:**

- Solving exact and non-exact equations
- Solving exponential growth/decay and Newton's law of cooling problems

**UNIT-V: Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients**

6P

**Programs:**

- Solving homogeneous ODEs
- Solving non-homogeneous ODEs

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. MATLAB and its Applications in Engineering, Rajkumar Basal, Ashok Kumar Geo, Manoj Kumar Sharma, Pearson publication.
2. Kenneth A. Lambert, The fundamentals of Python: First Programs, 2011, Cengage Learnings.
3. Think Python First Edition, by Allen B. Downey, Orielly publishing.
4. Introduction to Python Programming, William Mitchell, Povel Solin, Martin Novak et al., NCLab Public Computing, 2012.
5. Introduction to Python Programming, ©Jacob Fredslund, 2007.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. An Introduction to Python, John C. Luth, The University of Alabama, 2011.
2. Introduction to Python, ©Dave Kuhlman, 2008.

**EC407PC: ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS LAB****B.Tech. II Year II Sem.****L T P C**  
**0 0 2 1****Course Outcomes:**

CO1:Generate and analyze analog modulation techniques (AM, FM, DSB-SC, SSB, PAM, PWM, PPM) and their demodulation methods to evaluate modulation index, spectrum, and system performance.

CO2:Demonstrate multiplexing and sampling techniques (FDM, TDM, Sampling theorem) to transmit and recover multiple signals with minimal distortion.

CO3:Design and implement digital modulation schemes (PCM, DM, FSK, BPSK, DPSK, QPSK) and verify their performance through waveform and constellation analysis.

CO4:Evaluate system performance under noise and distortion by analyzing constellation diagrams, ISI through eye diagrams, and matched filter behavior.

CO5:Apply principles of coding and baseband shaping (Raised cosine, Duobinary, Huffman, Shannon-Fano) to improve spectral efficiency and error performance in digital communication systems.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	1	-	3	1	2	2	-	2	3	2	-
CO2	1	-	3	1	2	2	-	2	3	2	-
CO3	1	-	3	1	2	2	-	2	3	2	-
CO4	1	-	3	1	2	2	-	2	3	2	-
CO5	1	-	3	1	2	2	-	2	3	2	-

**Note:**

- Minimum 12 experiments should be conducted.
- All these experiments are to be simulated first either using MATLAB, Commsim or any other simulation package and then to be realized in hardware.

**List of Experiments:**

1. Generate Amplitude modulated Signal and perform demodulation for different modulation indices. Plot the corresponding waveforms and their spectrum. Compare the modulation index theoretically and practically. Plot the effect of modulating Signal frequency and Amplitude on the modulation index.
2. Generate Frequency modulated Signal and perform demodulation for different modulation indices. Plot the corresponding waveforms and their spectrum. Compare the modulation index theoretically and practically. Plot the effect of modulating Signal frequency and Amplitude on the modulation index.
3. Generate modulated and demodulate DSB-SC Signal for different modulation indices and plot the corresponding waveforms and their spectrum. Compare the modulation index theoretically and practically
4. Generate and demodulate SSB-SC modulated Signal (Phase Shift Method) for different modulation indices and plot the corresponding waveforms and their spectrum. Also calculate theoretically and practically the modulation index in each case
5. Demonstrate the Frequency Division Multiplexing & De multiplexing practically by transmitting at least 4 different signals simultaneously with respect to time and recovering without distortion.
6. Verify Sampling theorem for different sampling rates, Sampling types and Duty Cycles and Plot the sampled and reconstructed Signals. Write the conclusions, based on practical observations
7. Design and implement a Pulse Amplitude Modulator & Demodulator Circuit using 555 timer and plot the corresponding waveforms from the practical observations
8. Design and implement a Pulse Width Modulator & Demodulator Circuit using 555 timer and plot the corresponding waveforms from the practical observations
9. Design and implement a Pulse Position Modulator & Demodulator Circuit using 555 timer and plot the corresponding waveforms from the practical observations

10. Generate PCM Modulated Signal and demodulate it by designing and implementing the corresponding Demodulator. Plot the corresponding waveforms from practical observations
11. Generate Delta Modulated Signal and demodulate it by designing and implementing the corresponding Demodulator. Plot the corresponding waveforms from practical observations.
12. Generate FSK modulated Signal and demodulate it by designing and implementing the corresponding Demodulator. Plot the corresponding waveforms from practical observations.
13. Generate practically Binary PSK modulated Signal and demodulate it by designing and implementing the corresponding Demodulator. Plot the corresponding waveforms from practical observations.
14. Generate practically DPSK modulated Signal and demodulate it by designing and implementing the corresponding Demodulator. Plot the corresponding waveforms from practical observations.
15. Generate practically QPSK modulated Signal and demodulate it by designing and implementing the corresponding Demodulator. Plot the corresponding waveforms from practical observations.
16. Plot Signal Constellation for BPSK, BFSK and QPSK
17. Analyze the performance of BPSK, BFSK and QPSK under noisy environment through constellation diagram
18. Demonstrate ISI through eye diagram
19. Simulate raised cosine signal and duo binary signals
20. Encode data using Shannon Fano /Huffman Coding through Hardware / Simulator
21. Analyze the performance of a Matched filter.

**EC408PC: ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS LAB****B.Tech. II Year II Sem.****L T P C**  
**0 0 2 1****Course Overview:**

The Electronic Circuit Analysis Laboratory is designed to provide hands-on experience in designing, building, and analyzing analog electronic circuits. It focuses on the practical implementation of amplifiers, oscillators, power amplifiers, multivibrators, and waveform generators using discrete components and simulation tools. The lab strengthens understanding of frequency response, gain, feedback, waveform shaping, and time base generation.

**Course Outcomes (COs):** Upon successful completion of this lab, students will be able to:

**CO1:** Design and analyze multistage and power amplifiers and evaluate their frequency response and efficiency.

**CO2:** Implement and examine feedback and oscillator circuits and validate theoretical conditions for sustained oscillations.

**CO3:** Develop and interpret waveform generation circuits such as multivibrators and time base generators.

**CO4:** Perform simulations to validate analog circuit performance using industry-standard software tools.

**CO5:** Correlate practical results with theoretical predictions and identify deviations due to real-world constraints.

**Course Articulation Matrix:**

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO2</b>	3	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO3</b>	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CO4</b>	2	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	1
<b>CO5</b>	3	3	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	1

**List of Experiments:****A. Hardware Experiments (7):**

Perform practical design, implementation, and waveform analysis of amplifiers, oscillators, power stages, and multivibrators to validate theoretical concepts and observe real-world circuit behavior.

1. Design and analyze a two-stage RC coupled amplifier to demonstrate gain enhancement and study coupling capacitance effects.
2. Design Hartley and Colpitts oscillators for a specified frequency and observe their output waveforms.
3. Design an RC phase shift oscillator and derive the practical gain condition for oscillations at a given frequency.
4. Design a transformer-coupled class A power amplifier, observe input/output waveforms, and calculate efficiency.
5. Design a class B power amplifier, analyze input/output waveforms, and evaluate harmonic distortion.
6. Design a bistable multivibrator, analyze commutating capacitor effects, and record transistor waveforms.
7. Design an astable multivibrator and observe transistor base and collector waveforms.

**B. Software Simulations (7):**

Use circuit simulation software to design, analyze, and verify the performance of feedback amplifiers, waveform generators, and power amplifier circuits through virtual experimentation and frequency response evaluation.

1. Simulate four feedback amplifier topologies and compare their frequency responses with and without feedback.
2. Simulate a monostable multivibrator and analyze its input/output waveforms.
3. Simulate a Schmitt trigger for gain values greater than and less than one and analyze response behavior.
4. Simulate a bootstrap time base generator using BJT and observe the output sweep waveform.
5. Simulate a Miller sweep circuit using BJT and observe the time base output waveform.
6. Simulate a complementary symmetry push-pull amplifier and verify elimination of crossover distortion.
7. Simulate a single tuned amplifier and determine the quality factor (Q) of its tuned circuit.

**Software Requirements:**

**Simulation Tools:** LTspice / Multisim / PSpice / Proteus / NI Multisim Live or equivalent

**Operating System:** Windows 10/11 or Linux (Ubuntu preferred)

**Hardware Requirements:**

1. Dual Power Supply ( $\pm 15V$ , 0-30V)
2. Function Generator (up to 1 MHz)
3. CRO / DSO (Dual Channel, 20 MHz or more)
4. Digital Multimeters
5. Breadboards and Connecting Wires
6. BJTs: BC107, BC547, BC557, 2N2222, etc.
7. Resistors, Capacitors (Wide range of values)
8. Transformers (for power amplifiers)
9. Inductors, Crystals (1 MHz, 4 MHz, etc.)
10. Heat sinks, transistors for power stages (e.g., TIP41, TIP42 etc.)

**EC409PC: LINEAR AND DIGITAL IC APPLICATIONS LAB****B.Tech. II Year II Sem.****L T P C**  
**0 0 2 1****Course Outcomes:**

1. **Design and analyze analog circuits using operational amplifiers and 555 timers** (amplifiers, filters, oscillators, comparators, multivibrators, Schmitt Trigger) to meet desired performance specifications.
2. **Implement waveform generation and signal processing circuits** (integrator, differentiator, sine, square, triangular generators, FM modulator/demodulator) and verify their practical behavior.
3. **Design and evaluate voltage regulators and data converters** (IC regulators, R-2R DAC, ADC architectures) to determine parameters such as resolution, efficiency, and regulation factor.
4. **Develop combinational and sequential digital circuits** (encoders, decoders, multiplexers, adders, subtractors, counters, shift registers, RAM) and validate their truth tables and timing diagrams.
5. **Apply circuit design techniques to integrate analog and digital ICs** in building functional modules for signal conditioning, data conversion, storage, and computation applications.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	1	0	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	-
CO2	1	0	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	-
CO3	1	0	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	-
CO4	1	0	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	-
CO5	1	0	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	3	-

**Note:**

- Minimum 12 experiments should be conducted.
- Verify the functionality of the IC in the given application.

**List of Experiments:**

1. Design an Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifier using Op Amp and calculate gain.
2. Design Adder and Subtractor using Op Amp and verify addition and subtraction process.
3. Design a Comparator using Op-Amp and draw the comparison results of  $A=B$ ,  $A<B$ ,  $A>B$ .
4. Design a Integrator and Differentiator Circuits using IC741 and derive the required condition practically.
5. Design a Active LPF, HPF cutoff frequency of 2 KHz and find the roll off of it.
6. Design a Circuit using IC741 to generate sine / square / triangular wave with period of 1 KHz and draw the output waveform.
7. Construct Mono-stable Multivibrator using IC555 and draw its output waveform.
8. Construct Astable Multivibrator using IC 555 and draw its output waveform and also find its duty cycle.
9. Design a Schmitt Trigger Circuit and find its LTP and UTP.
10. Design Frequency modulator and demodulator circuit and draw the respective waveforms.
11. Design Voltage Regulator using IC723, IC 7805 / 7809 / 7912 and find its load regulation factor.
12. Design R-2R ladder DAC and find its resolution and write a truth table with respective voltages.
13. Design Parallel comparator type / counter type / successive approximation ADC and find its efficiency.
14. Design a Gray code converter and verify its truth table.
15. Design an even priority encoder using IC74xx and verify its truth table.
16. Design a 8x1 multiplexer using digital ICs.
17. Design a 4-bit Adder / Subtractor using digital ICs and Add / Sub the following bits.
 

(i) 1010	(ii) 0101	(iii) 1011
0100	0010	1001.
18. Design a Decade counter and verify its truth table and draw respective waveforms.
19. Design a Up/down counter using IC74163 and draw read/write waveforms.
20. Design a Universal shift register using IC74194 / 195 and verify its shifting operation.

21. Design a 16x4 RAM using 74189 and draw its read /write operation.
22. Design a 8x3 encoder / 3x8 decoder and verify its truth table.